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HONORED VETERANS.

The Encampment Opens in Magnificent Shape With Thousands of Heroes Present.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Grand Army week opened fair and cool. The very apparent indication of a continuance of good weather during the exercises and celebrations in connection with the national encampment, is encouraging. All through the night the streets were alive with marching men, G. A. R. posts and their friends, on their way from railroad stations to their quarters. Despite all the arrangements that the railroad companies made to handle the crowds promptly, the visitors were from two to three hours late in reaching the city, but as rapidly as possible the trains are rolling into the city and unloading their human freight. The passengers accept the situation with the best possible grace, and whatever the measure of their discontent it is all dissipated upon arriving at the capitol, as they look upon the generous and artistic manifestations of welcome and find themselves surrounded with reminiscences of the war and in the society of those whose friendship was knit in the blood and smoke of battle.

Despite all delays it is believed that every one who is bound for the encampment and reunion will reach the city in time to witness the great parade tomorrow. Among the noticable arrivals was that of the famous Sixth Massachusetts, the first to respond to President Lincoln's call for troops. Enroute to Washington they were fired upon in Baltimore, on April 19, and spilled the first blood after the assault upon Fort Sumpter. Several hundred men are present with the command, and as they marched up the avenue late last night with their tattered flags at the head of the column, they were greeted with cheer upon cheer all along the route until their quarters were reached.

Detroit post, whose membership is limited to 150, also came in last night. Senior Vice Commander H. M. Duffield and General Alger are members. They came by special vestibuled trains to the capital, making faster time than the regular eastbound limited. The post has a gigantic color bearer in the person of C. W. Reynold, who served in a New Hampshire regiment. He is six feet, three inches high, and weighs nearly 300 pounds. Distinguished visitors are abundant, ex-President Hayes, Major Generals Howard, Miles and Brooks and General B. F. Butler being prominent among them. A pilgrimage to old camp Stonman, near Giesboro Point, nearly opposite Alexandria, will be made by the survivors of the First New York volunteers, Eleventh New Jersey, First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh and Eighth United States cavalry, who were encamped there during the stirring days in the sixties. The palm for decorations must be awarded to the government printing office. The display of bunting which has broken out about that dingy old structure, which shelters 2,000 employes of Uncle Sam, is somewhat marvellous. For completeness and ingenuity, its like has never been seen in the city. It is the result of labor which has been expended during the noon hours and after work for a week past by the employes themselves.

Each division endeavored to out-decorate its neighbors, until no possible opportunity for a display of the red, white and blue remained. The exterior of the building is festooned with great clusters of red, white and blue and national flags, gathered in points at the eaves and sweeping over the doors. The mammoth design over the North Capitol street entrance is particularly imposing. Inside there is enough bunting to decorate a city.

The first formal ceremony of the day was a "hand-shaking" on board the "Kearsarge," on Grand Army Place. The ship was full-rigged, a line of gay-colored bunting floating from stem to stern over the top of the mainmast. No other objective point is so generally admired as the "Kearsage," and the proudest man in sight is Major Michael, whose conception the ship was. Among the survivors of the crew of the Kearsarge present are Philip Weeks, who was a maintop man, who during the historic fight served on the eleven inch pivot gun; Charles Bowen, a foretop man; Frank Cook, captain of the after-guard; James Gee and Surgeon Geo. B. Brown, who is now surgeon-general of the navy and lives here. Others are: Boatswain's Mate Michael B Brewery, Chief Boatswain's Mate John H. Bones, Fireman Michael H. Coty, Lawrence Crowley and John C. Hayes. J. G. Baker, a skilled workman at the navy yard, who superintended the construction of the ship's stands, was also one of the crew. The spar deck is made of inch pine and the inner lining of her sides above that deck is of inch pine. The masts are bolted to massive timbers stepped in boxes sunk six feet into the ground. The rigging is of the strongest kind and is placed and "rattled down," precisely as of any sea going hark-rigged vessel. Everything from stem to stern is built as strongly as braces and nails could make it. Some few of the minor appointments of the old vessel, such as hatches and the like, are left off purposely in order to make room for sitting, promenades and dancing. The deck is marked, however, to show the location and size of the hatches and tracks of the swivel guns. Two breech-loading guns point out of the forward ports, which will be used for saluting purposes and to "fire down" the ensign at sun down. The cabin is sixteen by forty feet and is nicely finished. The walls are in imitation of paint and the ceiling is covered and decorated handsomely with new flags. Around the walls are models of vessels representing the old and new navy, pictures of naval vessels and naval crews. They are placed here and there so as to make the effect intensely naval, unique and interesting. The model of a finely drawn vessel stands on a table on pedestals, with a basin one inch deep nicely adjusted for cut flowers. Three models of war vessels of elaborate design are artistically displayed and form most interesting object lessons to those not accustomed to seeing such artisanship. The furnishings of the cabin are substantial and elegant from the carpet to the bric-a-brac. The furnishings in silver are really handsome and appropriate. All of the silver has the name "Kearsarge" engraved on it.

Preliminary to the festivities of the week was the dedication of Grand Army place, located on the famous White lot just south of the white house grounds. This place grew up under the inspiration of the suggestion of Comrade John McElroy, editor of the National Tribune, that some central point should be provided and furnished where the old veterans might meet their associates of the war. This finally expanded into the place of reunions as it will be carried out on Grand Army place. The plaza surrounding the flag tower, where the dedicatory exercises were held, was crowded to its utmost capacity before noon, the hour fixed upon for the event.

After the vice-president and commander-in-chief were escorted to their places on the reviewing stand, where they saw the parade. The fifteen hundred seats on the platform were occupied by prominent G. A. R. and W. R. C. officers and government officials—a most distinguished gathering. The assembly call on the bugle secured partial order and the Marine band played a national air, after which Comrade McElroy formally called the assemblage to order and introduced Rev. S. B. Paine, D. D., of Ocean Grove, N. J., chaplain-in-chief, who delivered the dedicatory prayer. Another air by the Marine band followed, and then Commander-in-Chief Palmer made his inaugural address. As he rose on the platform the old soldiers gave him a most affectionate greeting. He spoke as follows: "Comrades—For the first time since the close of the great civil conflict you will have an opportunity of meeting your comrades in arms in a headquarters provided for each of the great army corps that existed during the war. It would certainly be invidious of me to single out or attempt to mention any particular corps for its gallant service. I know that human nature on the average is about alike, and I can appreciate how every soldier took special delight in speaking with pride of the service rendered by the corps to which he served and no one will object if when you get together today the recollections of past dangers tempt you to enthusiasm. I have often heard the boys say: 'My corps won the fight,' in some particular contest, but you must bear in mind that a large number of the 'boys' who were on the other side, will mingle with you during your visit in Washington, and its very likely that they will have some recollection of what occurred from 1861 to '65. Whatever difference of opinion we may have as to the gallantry of the several corps there is one point upon which we all agree, that whether it was the comrade who wore the star or the corps, whether it was he who wore the insignia of a non-commissioned officer or the common soldier, who carried his musket in the ranks, each was loyal to the common cause for which he served and each tried to do his full duty as he saw it. The same can be said for each corps and its gallant commanders, each did its full share in the contest and each shared in the glorious achievements of the union army. The thought that so many of our gallant leaders cannot be with us today fills our hearts with many sad reflections. They would respond cheerfully at the call of friend, as they did in 1861 to the call of duty. The vacant places they have left in our ranks are more suggestive than the presence of the living and if they are not with us today it is because other glories is reserved for them, while we are left with others to enjoy the fruits of their great labors. Today you will meet and look into the faces of comrades you have not seen for years. You will take each other by the hands and recall the scenes and incidents through which you have passed and repeat the story of how the battle was won. I congratulate for you the committee who have had this grand work in charge. I know you will all enjoy and appreciate the results of the labor they have so generously given for your pleasure. You will once more meet and touch elbow again with the comrade who helped to add to the fame of your respective corps. And now, comrades, I know you will share my feelings of profound regret over the circumstance which causes the absence of one whom you would have been delighted to see and hear, and who had anticipated joining you in all the festivities of the week, a comrade whose gallant services to the nation in the hour of peril, has been supplemented by his wise and patriotic management of the affairs of this great republic in time of peace—Comrade Benjamine Harrison. I now have the pleasure of introducing the Hon. Levi P. Morton, vice president of the United States." Before introducing the vice president Gen. Palmer read a telegram from President Harrison, received this morning from Loon Lake in answer to one sent by him to the president expressing his regret and sympathy, in which the president said: "I looked forward with much interest to the great rehearsal in Washington next Tuesday of the victor's march of 1865. I would have esteemed it one of the highest honors of my public life to have welcomed to the national capital and to have received on its historic avenue this representative assembly of the men who not only saved the city from threatened destruction but made it the worthy capital of an unbroken union. It would also have been one of the most favored and tender incidents of my private life to have taken these comrades by the hand again, but all this has been denied to me by the intervention of a sad and imperative duty and I can only ask you to give to all my cordial greeting and good wishes. Accept my sincere thanks for your very kind and sympathetic message." The reference to President Harrison was the signal for enthusiastic cheering which lasted some time. The demonstration was a striking tribute to the soldier-president and man. Vice President Morton was warmly received as he rose. He said:

Soldiers and Sailors of the Grand Army of the Republic:

A sorrow that brings us all together, calls me to take the place in these ceremonies of the president, to whom you would instinctively turn as a comrade and as commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States. The president has been lately standing at the gates of the nation to challenge the entrance of an implacable enemy that must be confronted at the outposts. While we need his high resolve and inflexible will in defense of the people from an insidious foe, now that he is standing at the bedside of one dearer to him than life, we may not forget what he owes to the tenderest relation of humanity, and a chord of affectionate sympathy reaches him from every hamlet and home in the land. God give him grace in this hour of need.

I see before me the survivors of a generation of men who have emblazoned the pages of history and freedom for all time to come, and have set the example for republican France, for united Germany and reconstructed Italy, and who have broadened and deepened the foundations of the English constitution and of Anglo-Saxon liberty. Of this great army of liberty, whether they have passed away or are still present for duty, you are the honored representatives. The president would speak to you as a comrade. It is for me to greet you in behalf of the business interests affecting the welfare of the whole people, in behalf of trade and commerce, of the husbandman and artisan, of the employer and the employed; in behalf of all the men and women from every section who love the union. I bid you welcome in behalf of the president and his cabinet advisors; in behalf of the congress of the United States and the national judiciary, administering collectively the government you have served, and in behalf of a whole people made illustrious by your heroism, and that of your adversaries, personified in the men who fought in behalf of a statkart north, and a loyal south; of a sun-illumined east and commanding west, under the shadows of the capitol you have preserved in this beautiful city, founded by Washington and made sacred by the sufferings of Lincoln, and in full view of Virginia, the birthplace of presidents and the burial place of heroes.

Your march today and tomorrow will recall to you, as it will to us, the great review when Grant ranged himself by the side of the president of the United States, when Meade saluted for the veterans of the east and Sherman for those of the west, and when the light that fell upon the dome of the capitol was flashed back from the sword of Sheridan. There are men of the brilliant illustrations of your prowess still leading your ranks, or among them, and I wish that I could summon them all, but the glories of the battle names recall them with vivid personality to the order of memory. This may or may not be your last review, but I express the hope of a grateful people that heaven will bountifully lengthen out your lives before you are called to the other shore to join the ranks of your companions. And now, my countrymen, I dedicate this "Grand Army Place" and commemorative memorials which it is believed will be hereafter erected upon it to the everlasting glories of the Grand Army of the Republic. God bless you all, and those who today unite with you in strengthening the union of the great republic."

The flag on the staff 150 feet overhead was then unfurled and saluted by the discharge of artillery. With the "Star Spangled Banner" by the Marine band the dedication of Grand Army Place was complete, and the thousands of comrades dispersed. The committee of the Commercial club of Indianapolis, which is charged with the duty of laboring to secure the next national encampment at that city, reached here this morning twelve hours late. They were preceded by Governor Chase and Col. I. N. Walker, both ex-department commanders. Their labors, it is believed, will not be very onerous in view of the assurances already given to the representatives of Indianapolis previously on the field. Promises of support were given yesterday which practically settled the fact that the national encampment will go to Indianapolis in 1893. Except to receive a complimentary vote, it is not expected that any other city will be named.

One of the noticeable points in the dedication ceremonies was the fact that the flag on the tower was unfurled by Shipmate Baker, who superintended the erection of the Kearsarge adjoining the stand. Baker has a history in connection with the fight of Cherbourg. He fired the shot which gave the Alabama her coupe de grace.

Assembly call was blown by the bugler of the marine corps. The parade, which preceded the dedication, formed at the Peace monument at the foot of the capitol, passed up Pennsylvania avenue to the reviewing stands of Vice President Morton and Commander in Chief Palmer, and then down Seventeenth street to the White lot, where the dedication took place. Major General E. A. Carr, United States army, had command of the parade, assisted by his staff of personal aide de camp and acting assistant adjutant general, First Lieutenant F. G. Hogdson, and volunteer aides Major W. F. Tucker, United States army, Captain E. A. Godfrey, Seventh cavalry, United States army, Captain William W. Rand, United States army, Captain W. R. Bannister medical department United States army, and First Lieutenant G. H. Harris, of the District National guards.

The parade started at 10 o'clock. During the parade the avenue was kept clear of vehicles and the crowd. Wire had been stretched along the sidewalk the entire route, to be traversed by the procession, and a large squad of police saw that every one kept behind this line. The result was that there was no interference. Upon the reviewing stands with the vice-president were the members of the cabinet in the city and the commander-in-chief and his staff. After the parade had passed the reviewing stand, the regular cavalry and light battery "C" proceeded from the reviewing stand to the White lot, escorting the vice-president. Following the vice-president came the Albany corps of veterans, escorting Commander-in-Chief Palmer. Upon reaching the White lot the cavalry drew up in line, and as the vice-president ascended the steps leading to the stand from which Grand Army Place is to be dedicated, the national salute of seventeen guns was fired.

BETTER AND STRONGER.

Dr. Gardner Says There is Nothing in Mrs. Harrison's Condition to Excite Apprehension.

LOON LAKE HOUSE, Sept. 19.—Notwithstanding the dreary, rainy weather the condition of Mrs. Harrison is improved this morning. She passed a comfortable night. A cold rain began falling over Loon Lake shortly after midnight and it continued steadily until early morning. The sudden change in temperature excited some apprehension as to whether it would have any effect on the condition of Mrs. Harrison, but when Dr. Gardner came over to the hotel from the private cottage for his breakfast he reported that his patient was better and stronger, having passed a comfortable and restful night. According to the statement of those about her, there is little in Mrs. Harrison's present condition to excite serious apprehension. With the non-appearance of the dreaded watery accumulation in the cavity of the pluera, hope has revived in the hearts of the patient and the members of her family, and the suggestion that she be removed from Loon Lake to Washington will be carried out. She will probably be removed tomorrow. A consultation was held this morning between Drs. Gardner and Trudeau and it was decided to grant the wish of the president, his family and Mrs. Harrison herself, that she be taken to Washington. The removal, it is now definitely stated, will take place tomorrow and the train having the distinguished invalid aboard will be due in Washington Wednesday morning. Shortly after the consultation Dr. Gardner made the following statement to a United Press reporter: "Mrs. Harrison, if everything is favorable, is to be removed to Washington tomorrow. She has expressed a strong desire to be taken back to the white house, and the president and the other members of the family are also anxious that she should be taken there if the removal can be accomplished with any degree of safety. Dr. Trudeau has been here this morning and we have had a consultation. We found that Mrs. Harrison is much improved. There has been no reproduction of the fluid to any extent and in view of the fact that the members of the family wish to move the patient to Washington, she will be removed, because in two or three days she may not be able to be taken away, as the fluid is liable to be reproduced at any time. She passed a very comfortable night and is feeling much stronger this morning."

PILSNERS OUTDONE.

They are Beaten at Base Ball by Holland's Team.

While the Pilsner base ball club have borne an excellent reputation during the entire season, they were not content to let good enough alone, and yesterday they went against Holland's team, who robbed them of the championship of the city.

The game yesterday between these two clubs resulted: Holland's team, 17; Pilsners, 10. The Pilsners have been playing good ball this year. Capt. M. F. Belger resigned his position as manager of the Pilsners previous to the game of yesterday.

CHOLERA NEWS.

The Most Startling Information Comes From Elizabeth, N. J., Where a Case is Reported.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 19.—A case of suspected cholera is in the hospital here. John Cassick, a Pole, employed in some chemical works on Staten Island sound, was admitted to the hospital here yesterday afternoon suffering from what the physicians are inclined to think is Asiatic cholera. This morning the hospital authorities telegraphed to the New York board of health to send a cholera expert to diagnose the case. All the nurses and patients in the hospital who were able to move left the building this morning in a fright. The hospital will be quarantined.

QUARANTINE, Sept. 19.—The steam ships still anchored in Lower Quarantine are the Moravia, Normannia, Scandia, Bohemia and Heligoland. In Upper Quarantine are the La Britagne, Suevia Ingia, Washington City, Cambria and Furnessia. The Wyoming remains at anchor in Gravesend bay.

The yellow flags on the Scandia and Bohemia have been taken down.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The steamer Uranus, which arrived at Hull from Hamburg, was duly examined by the health authorities of Hull and pronounced free from infection. Thereupon the vessel was admitted last evening to its dock to unload. The unloading was going on today when one of the firemen on the Uranus was taken suddenly ill with every symptoms of cholera. He was at once removed to the fever hospital, where a careful diagnosis left no doubt that the case was one of Asiatic cholera, which had remained latent during the short voyage from Hamburg. The unloading of the Uranus was stopped and the steamer was put in quarantine.

PANAMA, Sept. 19.—A telegram from San Salvador states that a death from cholera has occurred at La Libertad, on the Pacific coast of the Republic, and a short distance from the capital. The victim of the disease was a man recently arrived from Europe.

HAVRE, Sept. 19.—There were four deaths from cholera in this city on Sunday and nine new cases of the disease.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The 10 o'clock bulletin of the health board this morning reads: "No cholera has appeared in this city since the last bulletin."

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—John Knox, forty-one years old, a fireman on the Allan state line steamer, State of Nevada, which left Glasgow September 2, and arrived here on September 14, was found dead on the deck of the steamer near one of the hatchways at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The man had complained of a bad attack of diarrhea in the morning, and when he was discovered dead on the deck Captain Maine at once notified the health officers, fearing that Knox might have been the victim of cholera. A policeman was dispatched for Dr. Roberts, chief of the bureau of contagious diseases, who arrived at the steamer, which is lying at her pier at the foot of West Twenty-third street, North river, at 7:30 o'clock. After making an examination he ordered the steamer thoroughly fumigated and also closed the pier and quarantined those on the ship. The Nevada was not detained at quarantine last Wednesday, having exhibited a clean bill of health.

MILAN, Tenn., Sept. 18.—News reached here last night from Mayfield, Ky., that a Russian immigrant had been stricken on the street with a disease supposed to be Asiatic cholera. The patient was taken to a vacant house and a quarantine established.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 19.—A pastoral letter was read yesterday in all Roman Catholic churches of the arch-diocese of Ottawa urging co-operation with the authorities in preventing a cholera outbreak and enjoining fasting and self mortification with the hope that the epidemic may be staid. It also directs that the fifteenth psalm, "Misereor," be sung after the benediction service and a special prayer of intercession be recited after every low mass. The cholera scare in Canada is not abating.

MONTREAL, Sept. 19.—Yesterday afternoon the steamship Wandrahm, of the Hamburg-American line, sailed into port carrying the yellow flag. She was signalled to anchor. Upon being boarded she was found to have a clean bill of health from the Grosse Isle station. She was not allowed to land, however, Dr. Lachaichle, inspector of the provincial board, giving as the reason that she had to be quarantined the necessary ten days. An examination and report will be made.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A special from Washington says a letter will be written by the department officials this week, stating the government's position on the question of admitting American citizens who may come in the steerage from Europe. General Spalding, who gave the information, also stated that if he was asked for a reason to believe that cholera germs were conveyed to this country in the sugar importations from Germany, the product would certainly be excluded. No action will be taken by the treasury officials, he added, until complaint had been made to them regarding the German sugar.

WILLIAM DUNPHEY,

The Cattle King, Dies at His California Home.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—Wm. Dunphey, the pioneer cattle king of California, died at his home last night aged sixty-four years. He was one of the richest men in the state and made his money in cattle. He leaves a widow and three children.

COURT CULLINGS.

Police Court Does Not Reveal Many Sunday Drunks—The Local News as Found in the Courts.

Justice Ryan presided at police court this morning, Mayor Zollinger having left Saturday night to attend the national encampment of the G. A. R. at Washington.

There was not an abundance of cases. Sunday drunks did not materialize, although there was Sunday base ball, a Sunday picnic and open Sunday saloons.

Mary Wertz, who had just got out of jail, celebrated the event by getting on a howling drunk. She was arrested by Officer Kunak and the acting mayor released her on her promise to leave the city. She spent the night in a cell at the police station.

Jacob Webke, an old time drunk, was given eleven days in jail. Sam Johnson and John Doe, two men arrested for drunkenness who gave fictitious names, were released on bail.

Last night Officer Tremmel dispersed a gang of loungers on the corner of Wayne and Calhoun streets. One of the men refused to move, saying he was waiting for a car. After several cars had passed Officer Tremmel again requested him to move, whereupon he became abusive and Tremmel placed him under arrest. On the way to the patrol box the prisoner broke away and has not since been apprehended.

Judge Lowry is attending court at Lagrange.

The slander case of Councilman Herman Michael vs. Fred Eckart, the pork packer, will be called in the Whitley circuit court at Columbia City Thursday.

Zollars & Calvert, attorneys for the Pennsylvania company, have filed a demand for a struck jury in the damage case instituted by Thos. McCaffrey.

The Manufacturing Investment company has filed an application in the federal court at Indianapolis, for a receiver for the Crescent Paper mill, at Hartford City, demanding $8,299. The company is solvent, the trouble resulting from a change of ownership. Fort Wayne capitalists are interested in the mill. The case will be called at Indianapolis Wednesday.

In the circuit court Abigail C. Smith was given a divorce from Ashland Smith on the ground of alimony and the custody of their children. The case Elizabeth Dick, executrix of the estate of Daniel Dick, vs. the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, has been sent to the DeKalb circuit court on a change of venue.

At the session of the county commissioners Saturday the proposal of Dr. R. F. Rupe to treat the poor of Perry township for one year for the sum of $60 was accepted. The proposal of Meyer Bros. & Co., to furnish medicines for the poor as prescribed by the regularly appointed pour physician (epidemics if serious barred from contract) for a term of one year for the sum of $230 was accepted. The proposal of Dr. I. N. Myers to treat the poor of Madison township for a term of one year for the sum of $50 was accepted. The proposal of J. T. Nichols as engineer at the jail for the regular time—an engineer is employed for the sum of $30 per month—was accepted.

William Grance, the burglar, was taken to the penitentiary by Officer Spellman.

Justice France will hear the case of William Spencer vs. John Pressler tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, and also the case of Spencer against Clarence Wilson.

The patrol wagon was called to the western part of the city this afternoon to arrest a drunk.

The superior and the circuit courts had nothing of interest today for the newspaper reporters.

HIGHWAYMEN AT WORK.

A Farmer Robbed of His Gold Watch and $100.

ALTON, Ill., Sept. 19.—While James Ryan and wife, of Litchfield, were driving home on the road a few miles south of here, last evening, they were stopped by two highwaymen and robbed. The robbers grabbed the horse and presented revolvers. Mr. Ryan gave them $100 and a gold watch and was allowed to continue his ride.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Mother and Daughter Run Down by a Train.

BLAIRSTOWN, N. J., Sept. 19.—Mrs. H. J. Wessler and her only daughter, Kate, aged nineteen, were instantly killed here yesterday by the Pennsylvania, Doughkeepsie and Boston express. They were on their way home from church in a carriage when the train struck them.

AN OVERDUE STEAMER.

The Carroll, an Unseaworthy Ship, is Missing.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 19.—Nothing had been heard up to 10 o'clock last night of the overdue steamship Carroll from Halifax. She had on board 100 passengers. The steamship is old and not considered seaworthy.

Engineer Frances Dead.

LOWELL, Mass., Sept. 19.—James B. Frances, consulting engineer of the Locks and Canal company, died yesterday from debility, succeeding an operation. He was seventy-seven years old and had served in both branches of the city government. He leaves a wife, three sons and a daughter.

PAUL MOSSMAN SAFE.

His Steamer Arrives in New York This Morning.

The steamship Furnessia, which sailed from Glasgow Sept. 8, has board our fellow townsman, Paul Mossman, arrived at New York harbor this morning, and was placed in "upper quarantine." Her captain reports "all well" and we may expect to see Mr. Mossman in Fort Wayne in a few days.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

Engineer William Turner and Fireman Reuben Chase Injured in a Railway Accident.

The west-bound Pittsburg fast train No. 9 met with a serious accident at 10:30 last night. The train, which is due here at 5 o'clock in the evening, came into the Fort Wayne station one hour and twenty minutes late.

Engine 114, with Engineer William Turner at the throttle and Reuben C. Chase as fireman, took the train at this point and it is supposed they were endeavoring to make up a portion of the lost time. At any rate the train fairly flew over the rails until Hobart was reached, where the engine left the track at a switch and bumped along on the ties a considerable distance, when it completely reversed its position, turning with the pilot towards the coaches. When the engine left the track Engineer Turner instantly applied the air brake and reversed the lever, and prepared for the worst. He stuck to the throttle until the engine reversed its position, in doing which a hole was in some way punched through the fire box, letting out a stream of hot water which threatened to scald the engineer. Then Mr. Turner attempted to jump, but was caught in some way and thrown with great violence to the ground. He scrambled to his feet and managed to walk a few yards to a pile of stone, where he sat down and soon afterwards was found unconscious by the trainmen. He soon recovered, however, when it was discovered that his left knee was badly sprained, he also received a bad bruise on the right temple and a cut below the left eye. His injuries, though painful, are not dangerous and he will undoubtedly be around as usual in a week or two. Mr. Turner is now at his home, No. 377 South Hanna street.

Fireman Reuben C. Chase jumped from the engine as soon as it left the track. The train was dashing along at a terrific rate and when Chase alighted on the ground he was pitched headlong, striking his head on the rail of a sidetrack. He was knocked senseless and has remained in an unconscious condition ever since the accident. When picked up by the trainmen blood was oozing from his ears and he appeared to be suffering with a contusion at the base of the skull. He was placed on No. 4, brought to this city and taken to St. Joseph hospital, where he now lies in a critical condition. In fact, he is so badly injured that the attending physicians have little hopes of his recovery. The unfortunate man is twenty-six years old, lives at 77 Hoagland avenue and has a wife and daughter, both of whom are now at his bedside in the hospital.

The coaches of the train remained on the track and, save a severe shaking up, none of the crew or passengers, other than Messrs. Turner and Chase, were injured. The train was in charge of Conductor James Finney.

The wreck train and crew repaired to the scene at once and soon had the track clear.

YELLOW FEVER

Breaks Out Among a Ship's Crew at Ocean Springs.

OCEAN SPRINGS, Miss., Sept. 19.—The steamship Rosine, from South America arrived in this port today with yellow fever on board. One of the crew died yesterday and was buried at sea. The state boards of health of Mississippi and Louisiana were promptly notified and all traffic between Ship Island and Ocean Springs has been prohibited. The vessel will be taken to the quarantine station at Chandleur Island.

WHIPPED THE PREACHER

Because He Made Sweeping Charges of Immorality.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 19.—Dr. A. E. Bridger, pastor of the Congregational church at Jennings, was confisted yesterday by D. E. M. Burke, who acted for the male portion of the congregation, for uttering sweeping condemnations of the characters of the women of the town generally. Dr. Bridger did not flinch under the punishment.

MERELY AN INDIAN OUTBREAK.

Such is the Reported Insurrection in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 19.—The reports from El Paso regarding a revolution in Chihuahua or Sonora are untrue. It was merely an Indian trouble at Tamache, which has already been adjusted.

A yellow fever hospital has been established at Cordoba, where there are a number of refugees from Vera Cruz. The cholera reports from New York are creating consternation.

SOMETHING AWFUL.

Cincinnati Undertakers and Sextons Refuse to Bury Paupers.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 19.—When cholera appeared in New York, the sexton of the potters' field notified the authorities he would bury no more bodies and refused to surrender the keys until paid a considerable sum due. At the same time Undertaker Rebold issued a like manifesto. As a result the dead in the morgue are unburied and the stench is something awful, for no one will buy ice or disinfectants.

The Rev. G. M. Hemphill and wife, the evangelists from Wakarusa, Ind., are in the city, guest of their son, John Hemphill, 1 Ross street.

JOHN POINSETT KILLED.

A Runaway Team Dashes Into His Buggy With the Above Result—Other Deaths.

A terrible accident happened out near the Pfeiffer farm Saturday evening, in which John Poinsett was so badly injured that he died at 1 o'clock this morning. Mr. Poinsett and Mr. McCormick, neighbor farmers, were returning home from this city at 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon, riding in a buckboard. Just as they were descending the hill at the Pfeiffer farm they heard a frightful noise behind them, and looking around, saw a team of horses attached to a farm wagon dashing towards them at a rapid rate. In the wagon sat Farmer Dunn, who seemed to have lost control of the animals. Mr. McCormick, who was driving the horse attached to the buckboard, attempted to turn his animal aside to get out of the way of the runaway team, but he was too quick enough, and the wild horses dashed into and smashed the light buckboard into kindling wood, and trampled the men into the dust. Mr. McCormick escaped with a few bruises, but Mr. Poinsett was less fortunate. He was left lying among the wreckage of the buckboard in an unconscious condition and bleeding from the nose and mouth. George House, a young man lying in Bloomingdale, witnessed the accident, and hastened to the assistance of the injured man. Mr. Poinsett was carried into the house of George Thumm, his son-in-law, and Drs. W. H. Meyers and C. E. Stultz were summoned. The physicians pronounced the injuries probably fatal. Besides many bruises on the body and limbs and a broken arm, Mr. Poinsett's abdomen was ripped open so badly that the bowels protruded. It required fourteen stitches to close the gapping wound. The man's condition was such that he could not be removed to his home. He died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Thumm, at 1:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Poinsett was about seventy years old. He leaves a wife and several children. His home was two miles north of the city on the Goshen road, where he had lived many years, being one of our oldest known and highly respected citizens.

The funeral of Mrs. Casper Seabold occurs tomorrow afternoon at 1:30 from the residence, 83 Barthold street, and at 2 o'clock from St. John's Reformed church. Mrs. Seabold died Saturday night from a complication of diseases. She lacked a few days of being forty-nine years old, being born on board an Atlantic steamer. She was a most estimable lady and leaves, besides a husband and family, a large circle of friends to mourn her departure.

Bertha M., the seven year, one month and four-day-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Hunt, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 79 Clinton street, of diphtheria. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the home.

Albert Lewis, aged three years, three months and three days, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Kikly, of 237 Lafayette street, died Saturday afternoon of lung fever. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon at 3 p. m., from the residence.

Yesterday occurred the death of John Lewis, the fourteen-days-old child of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Weaver, of 106 Hannastreet, of marasmus. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the residence.

Mrs. Sarah Sieber died this morning of old age and paralysis, of which she has been a sufferer for some time. She was eighty-three years old at the time she expired. Her remains were shipped to Stratford, Fulton county, N. Y., this afternoon for interment.

GERRYMANDER CASE.

A Republican Judge Declares the Apportionment Law Unconstitutional.

NEW CASTLE, Ind., Sept. 19.—Judge Bundy this morning rendered his decision in the gerrymander case. The suit was brought to have the apportionment law of 1891, referring to legislative districts, declared unconstitutional. The reasons alleged were its unfairness and prejudices.

The suit was brought by republicans and was before a republican judge. The decision is in favor of the petitioners, declaring the law unconstitutional and ordering the county clerk to post election notices under the law of 1879. The case will be appealed to the supreme court.

A DUEL ON BICYCLES.

Rivals for a Prairie Belle's Hand Settle Matters in a Bloody Encounter.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., Sept. 19.—Two young men named Dudley Grant and C. D. Preston quarreled over a Tonganoxie belle named Miss Sutton. Grant challenged Preston to fight a duel. Preston accepted the challenge and agreed to fight a duel on wheels, with butcher knives for weapons. The two rivals met on the prairies, about three miles from Tonganoxie. Mounting their wheels about one hundred paces apart they rode toward each other at a rapid rate of speed. On the first pass both escaped injury. The second time Grant received a severe slash on the cheek. The fourth trial resulted in a collision between the wheelmen. Both tumbled to the ground and continued the fight. Grant was fatally injured, and Preston, though severely wounded, succeeded in making his escape to the Indian Territory.

Dr. Joseph Hentzerich

An old soldier, came out of the War greatly enfeebled by Typhoid Fever and after being in various hospitals the doctors gave up him as incurable with Consumption. He has been in perfect health since he began to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Immediately his cough grew lower, night sweats ceased, and he rapidly took general health. He attributes his recovery to Hood's sarsaparilla, especially recommends it to all.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic, preventing prostatic attacks of the stomach and bowels.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE

CHICAGO

TO

DENVER.

THE KING OF ALL COUGH CURES; DOCTOR ACKERS ENGLISH REMEDY

Sold in England for 1s. 1½d., and in America for 25 cents a bottle. IT TASTES GOOD.

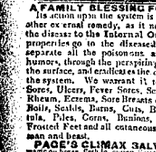
Dr. Acker's English Pills Cure Sickness and Headache. Small, pleasant, 25 cents everywhere. W. H. HOOPER & CO., NEW YORK.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself and family to use the best value for your money. When the genuine W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe is offered you, dealers who offer you something else that will yield them a larger profit are trying to deceive you.

$5.00	$3.00
$4.00	$2.50
$3.50	$2.00
$2.50	$2.00
$2.25	$1.75
$2.00	FOR BOYS
FOR LADIES	$1.75

FOR GENTLEMEN

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN, BEST IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY. CAUTION! INSPECTION is invited to the fact that W. L. Douglas $3 Shoes are sold everywhere throughout the country, for more than any other make. Look for his name and the price on the bottom. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by ISADORE LEHMAN.



None Such

CONDENSED

Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Beware of imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE

A FAMILY BLESSING FOR 25 cts.

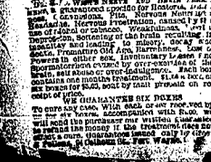
Its action upon the system is until every other existing remedy, as it never drives the disease to the internal organs, its properties go to the diseased part, and separate all the poisonous and scrofulous humors, through the perspiring vessels to the surface, and eradicates the disease from the system. We warrant it to cure Old Sores, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Sore Breasts or Nipples, Boils, Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Contusions, Piles, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frosted Feet and all cutaneous diseases on man and beast.

PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE sets like magic on burns fresh or healed, Old Sores, Fresh Cuts, Snake Bites, Bruises, Burns, Sludge and Harness Galls, Sore Feet, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frosted Feet and all cutaneous diseases on man and beast.

PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE sets like magic on burns fresh or healed, Old Sores, Fresh Cuts, Snake Bites, Bruises, Burns, Sludge and Harness Galls, Sore Feet, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frosted Feet and all cutaneous diseases on man and beast. Warranted to cure in every case, or money refunded. For Sale by Druggists, Dealers, or Mailed on receipt of 25 cts. Manufactured only by PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold by Druggists everywhere, or sent by Mailed or Express, prepaid, on receipt of price.

J. P. MILLS, 85 Liberty St., New York.

Health is Wealth!



DR. E. W. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration, caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by excess or self abuse, and which unfits one for marriage. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES to cure any case. With each order for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by our agents. Address DR. E. W. WEST, Detroit, Mich.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

BY E. A. S. HACKETT.

MONDAY, SEPT. 19, 1892.

OUR CIRCULATION.

State of Indiana, Allen county, ss:

Personally appeared before me, a notary public in and for said county and state, the undersigned, Jos. F. Evrin, business manager of the Fort Wayne Sentinel, who makes oath that the actual number of copies of THE DAILY SENTINEL printed to subscribers and sold to newsboys and news agents, during the week ending Sept. 10, 1892, was as follows:

Monday, September 5	2,922
Tuesday, September 6	2,940
Wednesday, September 7	2,929
Thursday, September 8	2,929
Friday, September 9	2,930
Saturday, September 10	2,932
Total for the week	22,372
Average for the week	2,931

JOS. F. EVRIN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of September, 1892. D. W. COUGHLIN, Clerk.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

For President—Grover Cleveland, of New York.

For Vice President—Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor—Claude Matthews, of Vermillion county.

For Lieutenant-Governor—Mortimer Nyce, of Laporte.

For Secretary of State—Capt. Wm. R. Myers, of Amherst.

Auditor of State—John Oscar Henderson, of Kokomo.

Treasurer of State—Albert Gall, of Indianapolis.

Attorney-General—Alonzo G. Smith, of Indianapolis.

Reporter Supreme Court—Sidney E. Moon, of Rockville.

Statistician—William A. Peelle, of Indianapolis.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Harvey D. Vonne, of Indianapolis.

Supreme Judges: Second district, J. N. Mew, of Vermont; third district, James McCabe, Wm. Hampart; Fifth district, Timothy O. Howard, South Bend.

Appellate Judges: First district, George L. Reinhard, Lawrenceburg; second district, Jacob Haven, Greensburg; Third district, Theodore F. Ostrom, Terre Haute; Fourth district, Milton Bantz; Fifth district, George W. Ross, Logansport.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Congress—Twelfth district—Hon. W. F. McNagny, of Whitley county.

JOINT SENATORIAL TICKET.

For Joint Senator, Allen and Whitley counties—Ochmig Bird, of Allen county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Representative to Legislature—Jacob F. Rothaback, Charles Dalman, Samuel M. Hench.

Sheriff—Jerry Shoaff.

Treasurer—Edward Beckman.

Prosecuting Attorney—Frank D. Gilterich.

Surveyor—Charles Brandstrater.

Coroner—Dr. Fred Schmitz.

County Assessor—Stephen G. Heath.

Commissioner for First District—Jasper W. Jones.

THIN DAY IN THE PAST.

1519—Magellan sailed from St. Lucas, Spain, on his famous voyage.

1773—Gilbert Haven, Methodist bishop, born in Malden, Mass., died there 1866.

1774—The battle of Winchester; Sheridan defeated Early after a desperate fight, the losses of the former aggregating 5,000 and those of the latter much more, including 2,500 prisoners. Battle of Winchester, Va.

1791—James Abram Garfield, twentieth president, died at Elberon, N. J., June 19, 1881.

1826—The Turkish man-of-war, Ertogrul, wrecked off the coast of Japan; 587 men drowned.

1891—Balmaceda, defeated president of Chili, shot himself dead.

Politics will soon begin to boom.

The hunting season will soon be in full blast and hunters are happy.

PHYSICIANS report a great deal of sickness as a result of the cold weather which we have been having lately.

The Louisiana lottery is going to Hawaii. Hawaii could not take anything from America with which the country would more willingly part.

HON. MORRISON NYE, democratic candidate for lieutenant governor, says that the reports from all parts of the state point strongly to a sweeping democratic victory in November.

THE National Undertakers' association has been meeting in Chicago preparing to put up the price of coffins in anticipation of the greatdemand like by to arise because of an expected cholera epidemic.

AN east side Jeffersonian club was organized Saturday night. Fifty members signed the club roll and five of them voted for Harrison four years ago. The club will adopt a uniform and turn out on parade during the campaign. The officers elected were: President, Adolph Lemmerman; vice president, Fred Miller; secretary and treasurer, Barney Kramer; captain, Wallie Immel; lieutenant, John Linker.

THE peoples' party county central committee met in Carpenters' hall Saturday evening, and completed arrangements for a rally to be held in Princess Park Saturday night. Among the speakers for the occasion will be Leroy Templeton, the party's candidate for governor, Ralph Beanont, Eugene V. Debbs, Calvin Hussehman, the congressional candidate, and Editor J. W. Rogers, of the Age of Labor. In the evening the exercises will end with a torchlight procession.

Verse at and Maine.

Full returns from Vermont and Maine give a loss of about one-third the republican majority in each state.

The vote of Vermont, compared with the vote for governor in 1888, is as follows:

Governor—1888.		Governor—1892.	
Republican	38,792	Republican	32,189
Democrat	19,857	Democrat	19,332
Rep. maj	19,935	Rep. maj	12,857

The vote in Maine, compared with the vote for governor in 1888, is as follows:

Governor—1888.		Governor—1892.	
Republican	58,168	Republican	47,600
Democrat	51,267	Democrat	45,328
Rep. maj	16,901	Rep. maj	12,662

In Vermont the falling off in the vote was wholly on the republican side, as the democratic vote is set by one short; but in Maine the republicans fell of nearly 12,000 and the dem ocrats just about half as much.

The Campaign Orator.

These are the palmy days of the campaign orator, and to the number of over two thousand he is now being heard throughout the land. Many of these speakers are under the direction of the several state committees, but the movements of a large number are controlled directly by the national bodies. The members of the latter class are nearly all men of national repute, and their efforts are confined in the main to the close and doubtful states. Committeeman William M. Hahn, of Ohio, directs the movements of the speakers who labor under the auspices of the republican national committee, and Committeeman Bradley B. Smalley, of Vermont, those of the democratic speakers. Their task is neither an easy nor a pleasant one. Some orators decline to speak in small towns, and others of less extended fame insist upon being scheduled for speeches in New York and other large cities. But both Hahn and Smalley are very successful in smoothing over these difficulties, in impressing the different orators with the fields in which they can do the most good and in persuading them to accept the assignments for which they have been scheduled. Formerly the cost of stump speeches was the largest item in a bill of campaign expenses, but it is very different now. The great majority of campaign speakers, aside from their necessary expenses, receive no compense for their services; those of the democratic party never do. Mr. Blaine has never been paid for his speeches, and the late Senator Conkling not only refused pay for his services in a campaign but always insisted upon paying his own expenses and was careful to take receipts therefor. Still there are quite a number of attractive speakers who must be duly paid, but well paid for their speeches. Some receive $100 a week and expenses, and a very few as high as $1,000 a week. There are not wanting those who make a business of campaign speaking and have no other regular means of support. One speaker, a well known ex-congressman, has been employed for several years by the national committee of his party at a handsome annual salary.

At the head of the list of republican campaign orators stands, by common consent the name of Chauncey M. Depew. Mr. Depew believes the orator is born, not made. Robert G. Ingersoll's appearances as a campaign speaker have become infrequent of late years, but he has lost none of his powers, as a word painter, and he still remains what Henry Ward Beecher once pronounced him, "the most brilliant speaker of the English tongue in any land on the globe."

John J. Ingalls, the vitriolic ex-senator from Kansas, is also an eloquent stump speaker. He is always caustic, cutting and severe, and never gives no asks for quarter in a war of words.

A list of the leading democratic campaign orators would include W. Bourke Cockran, John R. Fellows, Roger Q. Mills, John G. Carlisle, John M. Palmer, Daniel W. Voorhees, Joseph Blackburn, Wm. L. Wilson, Wm. J. Bryan, Henry Watterson, John W. Daniel, John M. Allen, Richard P. Hubbard, Wade Hampton and David B. Hill.

The Revenue Tariff Standard.

For nearly a full century after the organization of our government, no statesman ever proposed any other than a revenue tariff. Clay, the author of the American system and the great champion of protection, distinctly disclaimed any other than the revenue standard for our tariff laws, and the theory of levying taxes solely to protect one class at the cost of another class was always disavowed by the advocates of protection until the high tariff taxes of the war multiplied millionaires and whetted the greed of monopoly.

The people of the country have repeatedly met the issue of the revenue tariff standard and sustained it; and the perturbed orators and organs that now go into political campaigns over the protection platform as a threat of free trade, either don't know the truth or won't confess it. The democratic national platform of 1856 declared distinctly for "free seas and progressive free trade throughout the world," and Pennsylvania and the nation voted for Buchanan. Again in 1876 the democratic platform denounced the existing tariff "as a masterpiece of injustice, inequality and false pretense," and closed with the emphatic declaration—"the demand that all custom house taxation shall be only for revenue." On this platform Tilden received a majority of 250,000 and lost the presidency by fraud.

In 1880 the democrats repeated the demand for a "tariff for revenue only," and Hancock was beaten by less than 10,000 votes in a pool of some 9,000,000.

A revenue tariff is not free trade. All tariffs have discriminated in favor of domestic labor and products, and they will do so for all time even under any tariff for revenue only. A revenue tariff and the reciprocity features of the McKinley bill are based on the same theory. Both look to free trade for fair trade as the mutual interests of nations dictate, and both are in complete harmony with the reciprocity feature of the McKinley bill is at war with the whole theory of the new tariff law.

A sound revenue tariff would disturb no legitimate enterprise and paralyze no American industry. It would only compel those who now only has ever attempted it. On the contrary, with our great advance in machinery and skilled labor and with free raw materials such as every other protection country of the world gives, we would soon find the products of our varied American industries in every market of the world with increased demand for labor each year because of our mastery in skilled labor. Fools will prate about destructive free trade, but those who intelligently seek the truth will know that it is impossible.

Working Wives.

There has been a good deal of unnecessary gossip about marriages between young men of wealthy families in New York, says the Sun of that city, and young women who have made their own living. The tone of comment, as a rule, has been in the nature of surprise that the young men should have chosen for wives women who claimed to work. The probabilities are that the young men have the more fortunate end of the bargain. The self-supporting women who give up personal independence to become the wife of a husband who has no training in the requirement of a livelihood and whose income, account, or an allowance from his paternal bank account, is the only ability to face poverty some day and another without the shield. On the other hand, the young man who acquires a wife with some practical knowledge of what it means to work for a living, is pretty sure to have a prudent and thrifty partner.

The merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla is not accidental but is the result of careful study and experiment by educated pharmacists.

GHOST DANCE STILL ON.

ALLEN COUNTY BLAINE-GRESHAM BRAVES REFUSE TO RETURN TO THE REPUBLICAN RESERVATION WHILE AGENT HARRISON IS IN CHARGE

Big Chief McDonald, of the Gresham Band, and Big Chief White, of the Blaine Band, Urging on the Other Bands and Shamming Their Knives to Scalp Agent Harrison Next November—More Desertions From the Agency—Chief Baird Joins the Ghost Dance.

The local Republican machine is not running smoothly.

At a meeting of the few remaining faithful at the New Aveline house yesterday William Baird, of Del River township, directed that his name be stricken from the county ticket as a candidate for assessor.

W. H. LaTourette, of Eel River township, will succeed him.

An admission has at last been smoked out of Chairman Vesey that Mr. R. T. McDonald's resignation, as campaign manager for the Fifth ward, was accepted, and that Mr. Brainard Rorison has been appointed to the vacancy, although it is doubtful if Mr. Rorison knows it.

Quite a while ago Mr. McDonald mailed his resignation to Mr. Vesey, but the letter was lost in the confusion of the camp followers hinted that Mr. McDonald's resignation had a string to it and that the committee would not act on it, but the millionaire electric light manager never does things by halves and when questioned about his resignation promptly replied:

"I mailed to Mr. Vesey my resignation as committeeman in good faith and its acceptance was quite natural for no other course was open to the committee. My resignation, too, was without reserve or conditions, for I desire to refer all political work to the committee, and it is not practically said it wanted none of the friends of Mr. Blaine or Judge Gresham in its councils, and I propose to you that very few of us will participate in Mr. Harrison's personal campaign. I hear that Captain White feels that way and hundreds of others, too, will assert their manhood by attending strictly to their own business during this campaign."

Mr. McDonald has always been a liberal contributor to the Republican campaign funds, but it is safe to prophesy that this time his money will go to his credit in the banks.

Mr. McDonald goes east tomorrow and gives very little thought to politics, in fact he knows very few people interested about Mr. Harrison's election.—Fort Wayne Journal.

The Sugar and the Tariff.

A pamphlet circulated by the Home Market club says, "after the beneficent provision of free sugar, the retail price of sugar has been reduced 50 per cent, and $25,000,000 of annual taxes left in the pockets of the people."

The McKinley bill did not put all sugar on the free list, as many believe. The sugar schedule provides:

Sugar above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, shall pay duty of one half cent per pound; provided, that all sugar above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, shall pay one-half cent per pound in addition to the rate herein provided for, when imported from or the product of any country when and so long as such country pay, or shall permit to be paid, directly or indirectly a bounty larger than is paid on raw sugar of a lower saccharine strength. Provided further, that all machinery purchased abroad and erected in a beet sugar manufactory, and used in the production of raw sugar in the United States from beets produced therein, shall be admitted duty free until the 1st day of July, 1892. Provided, that no duty shall be levied on any described machinery purchased abroad and imported into the United States for the purpose indicated before since January, 1890, shall be refunded.

This tax of one-half cent provoked the Indianapolis Journal, recently, to remark: "The Democratic house puts wool on the free list, but refuses to take from refined sugar the one-half cent of duty which sustained the sugar trust."

Here The Journal admits that trusts could not exist without the tariff. It also admits that tariff is a tax. But it does not say why the Republicans happen to maintain this one-half cent tax in the McKinley bill.

The sugar provision of the McKinley bill is in itself sufficient evidence that the tariff is a tax. If the foreigner pays the duty as claimed by the defenders of the McKinley tariff, why was there a provision inserted to admit sugar machinery free? If the foreigner pays the tax, why was there a provision inserted to refund the duty paid on sugar machinery purchased prior to the enactment of the McKinley tariff law? It is true, as asserted by the McKinleyites, that the foreigner pays the tax, then the money ought to be refunded to the foreigner. These are questions that the author of the protectionists should explain.

The same sugar schedule provides that "on and after July 1, 1891, and until July 1, 1905, there shall be paid a bounty on the production of sugar testing not less than 90 degrees from beets, sorghum, sugar canes or from maple sap produced within the United States, a bounty of two cents per pound. And upon sugar testing less than 90 degrees, and not less than 80 degrees, a bounty of one and three-fourths cent per pound."

The bounty paid out of the treasury to the sugar growers last year, amounted to over $16,000,000. This money, which went to the wealthy sugar men of Louisiana, was derived from taxes on imported goods. As it has already been proven that the foreigner does not pay this duty, the American consumer had to foot up this enormous gift to the rich sugar growers of Louisiana—rich growers because a clause in the bounty schedule of the McKinley tariff limits this bounty to capitalists. The clause which bars out the small grower reads, "and no bounty shall be paid on sugar to any person licensed upon any quantity of sugar less than 500 pounds."

It can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of any tax payer that to produce sugar testing not less than 80 degrees by the polarizscope, on a quantity not less than 500 pounds, requires machinery which will cost for a small plant not less than $10,000. That is to say, the man who has not $10,000 to invest can not get this bounty.

There are a great many small growers of sugar cane in Louisiana, both white and black, who, for want of capital, sell the raw cane to the wealthy mill owners. It is a fact that these poor cane growers receive no more for their raw cane since the bounty was given to the refiners than before the McKinley tariff went into effect.

The refiner gobbles up the two cent bounty and keeps it in his pocket like Carnegie. The producer of raw cane, receives not a cent of the bounty which is extorted from the corn and wheat growers of the north to enrich the refiners of Louisiana.

They Don't Practice What They Preach.

If the Republicans were consistent they would remove their state committee headquarters from the Denison hotel to some building constructed with American material. The Denison hotel was reified last winter with encaustic tiles imported from England made out of English "pauper" clay by English "pauper" labor.

The United States Encaustic tile works of Indianapolis, are among the largest in the world and in the eyes of the McKinleyites, it should be a treason for the Republican proprietor of a Republican headquarters to buy English "pauper" tiles. Chairman Hovey can not reach his headquarters without walking on this English floor. He can not send out an American tin lodge or a "home made" cigar without going through the Denison lobby with its English "pauper" tiled floor. Even Governor McKinley held a reception on that English "pauper" made floor. From this English floored building a large banner with "Republican Headquarters," and "Harrison and Reid" printed in large letters is stretched across the street to a telephone pole. It is treason for a farmer to use cheap English tin, but it is patriotism for a Republican millionaire to tile a two hundred thousand dollar hotel with English clay. Yet the United States Encaustic tile works of Indianapolis employs several times more men than the Conger-Fairbanks tin plate works of Elwood. The encaustic tile works of Indianapolis do not import "pauper" labor from Wales, either. Nor do the proprietors resort to political rallies to boom corner lots in the vicinity of the tile works. They ask for no protection. They did not build their works with other peoples money, either. They did not capitalize their works at $300,000 and return their assessment at $9,000. They make tiles and not campaign badges.

By way of contrast the Democratic headquarters are located in a building made of American material by American workmen and when Chairman Taggart reaches his office he walks through a corridor with a plain floor made out of Indiana oak, sawed by an Indiana saw mill, and laid down by Indiana carpenters.

ENCOURAGING FOR DEMOCRATS.

An Address of Congratulation from the National Committee.

The Democratic national committee has issued the following address:

HEADQUARTERS DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE, 129 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, Sept. 14, 1892.

To the People of the United States:

The Democratic national committee congratulates the country on the result of the recent state elections in Maine, Vermont and Arkansas.

In Maine the combined opposition, after so many extravagant claims, fell short by over 30,000 of the votes of the Democrats alone. This has brought the way to the combinations in the south and to manipulators in the north. In Maine and Vermont the contest was conducted distinctly on national issues.

The Republican managers appealed for votes in these states on the ground that the success of the plurilities would exert a great moral influence on the campaign in other states, and that the poll would be "practically our vote for president."

Similar appeals summoned to their aid all the potent resources of their national organization with its extraordinary treasury and its adjuncts, directly or indirectly in every favorite form of their combination, which was unaided without, the campaign of our adversaries is a triumphant test vote in these states, as every fully planned and so organized for force fully executed, has ended in a conspicuous disaster.

Our friends everywhere are entitled to take fresh courage from these results. They mean that the overwhelming tide of popular sentiment is with the Democracy and that the people of this country are prepared to enforce rather than reverse the verdict which they rendered in 1890.

WILLIAM L. HARVEY,
Chairman Democratic National Committee.

DAVID M. MARTIN,
Chairman Campaign Committee.

With the exception of the war period, New York has swung to and fro between the two leading parties with remarkable regularity. The results of presidential contests for fifty-five years were as follows:

Year.	Successful candidates.	Plurality.
1836	Van Buren, Dem	28,232
1840	Harrison, Whig	13,236
1844	Polk, Dem	5,106
1848	Taylor, Whig (Dem. divided)	13,291
1852	Pierce, Dem	27,301
1856	Fremont, Rep	80,139
1860	Lincoln, Rep	50,475
1864	Lincoln, Rep	6,749
1868	Seymour, Dem	10,060
1872	Grant, Rep	53,048
1876	Tilden, Dem	32,542
1880	Garfield, Rep	21,033
1884	Cleveland, Dem	1,047
1888	Harrison, Rep	13,002

This year the Democrats will carry the state, if precedents don't fail.

Saved His Child's Life.

J. N. Dilfersbugh, York, Neb., says: "I a cline day I came homeand found my little boy down with cholera morbus; my wife scared, not knowing what to do. I went straightway and got a 25 cent bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and gave it according to directions. You never saw such a change in a child. The little fellow's body were cold, I rubbed his limbs and body with my hands and before I had given him the second dose he went to sleep, and, as my wife says, "from a death-bed he was up playing in three hours." It saved me a doctor bill of about three dollars, besides what is better, it saved my child. I can recommend it with a clear conscience." For sale by druggists.

There are 3,000,000 men in standing armies.

Do not make a mistake in buying family medicine. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla for all stomach and liver diseases, and purifies the blood. Try them.

A Texas woman runs a 700,000 acre ranch.

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup"

Has been used over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels and is the best remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, 25c a bottle. Jan 27-lyr.

America mined 10,000,000 barrels of salt in '91.

A Traveling Man's Experience With Diarrhœa.

I am a traveling man and have been afflicted with what is called chronic diarrhœa for some ten years. Last fall I was in western Pennsylvania, and accidentally was introduced to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. I ventured to make a trial and was wonderfully relieved. I took one bottle with me among my friends. H. M. Lewis, 24 Freeman street, Cleveland, Ohio. For sale by druggists.

Australia has the longest rope—10,670 yards.

Lincoln Tea cleanses the system effectively, dispels colds, headaches, and cures habitual constipation.

THE TIN PLATE TAX.

HOW THE DUTY ON TIN PLATE INJURES THE FARMER.

Millions Lost and Labor Wasted to Build Up an Infant Industry—A Burden on the Canning Business, as Shown by a Prominent Canner.

Congressman Dunlap, a prominent canner, in his recent speech in congress depicted the burden imposed upon agriculture by the tin plate duty as follows:

The canning industry, which consumes over one-half of all the tin plate imported, becomes the principal victim, because it has alternative but to pay the increased tax or go out of the business. This wonderful industry emanates from the farmer, and its profit is in preserving perishable farm products and the surplus of glutted markets.

There are 1,200 canning concerns in the United States, scattered over the productive fields of twenty-five different states. Adding to these the meat, fish and oyster packers, we have an industry of 2,000 concerns affected by the legislation of growers, pickers, stock raisers, ranchmen, oystermen, fishermen, canners, packers, laborers, tin plate manufacturers, canmakers and shippers, which stands for the prosperity and subsistence of 2,000,000 of our people.

On a basis of tin consumed by canners during the season of 1891 there were 1,250,000,000 cans used. Computing the amount, to be safe, at a round 1,000,000,000, and reasoning that there were two-pound cans and one-third three-pounds, which is the usual proportion, we have a duty cost in the cans used of $7,898,000.

At the prices ruling in 1891 this vast can requirement the cost to consumers was 3,950,000 cases of corn. To pack this amount of corn would require the product of from 60,000 to 70,000 acres of land, and would pay the farmer and his laborers $2,500,000. The total labor employed in growing, harvesting, stacking, cumnaking, husking and boxing this amount of canned goods would not fall short of 10,000 people, and the canning season, or half of that number during the whole year. Here then is a tax which would impose upon the farmer 600 on living wages now deprived of a chance to earn their living.

A model of canning in New York will fill on an average fifteen cans. A ton of tomatoes therefore fills 500 cans. Five tons of tomatoes to the acre is a good average. The duty cost in cans per ton therefore is $1.56, and per acre is $7.80. The price paid to the farmer in most states is $5 per ton; hence the farmer has this substantial summary of his protection proposition for his medical consideration.

In the advance of any duty on plates the canner can not pay him $22.50 instead of $20 per acre for his tomatoes, an increase of 80 per cent. This is a tax on tomatoes and other products; the laborer could get 25 per cent, of this tariff tax added to the price of his

WANTED.

WANTED—Good dining room girl. 257 Wayne street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Small family. Good wages paid. 229 West Wayne street.

WANTED—A girl to make herself generally useful about an office. Call at 72 Harrison street tomorrow morning, between 10 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—Educated lady or gentleman to engage in pleasant and profitable business. Address Box 28 Bric-a-brac street.

WANTED—Boarding; private German family. He who would like to get home cooking for one or two young men at reasonable prices, should send their address to D. B. Bowser, Treasurer of the city department Y. M. C. A. 19-tf

WANTED—Live business man to represent the Manufacturers Accident Indemnity Co., of Geneva, N. Y. Prompt payment on claims a specialty. Reserve fund deposited with N. Y. State Ins. Dept. The best possible form of policy. Easy selling; does its own talking. Agents paid liberal commission. Address, Wm. D. Chase, Sec'y, Geneva, N. Y. 17-tf

WANTED—Wide-awake workers everywhere for "SHEPP'S PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE WORLD". Handsomest book on earth; contains 319,960; retail at $1.25, cash or instalments; mammoth illustrated circulars free; liberal liberally output over 1,000 volumes. Agents will win success. Mr. Tay, S. Martin, Centerville, Tex., cleared $71 in 9 days; Miss Rose Adams, Wooster, O., $21 in half week; Mrs. E. J. Hand, Madison, Lyons, N. Y., $90 in 7 hours; a beginner, magnificent outfit only $1. Books on credit, freight paid. Address, Hubbe Bible Publishing Co., No. 537 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa., or 358 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. 15-10t

NOTICE TO CANVASSERS and General Agents—Important new work for canvassing publishers. Deal direct with the manufacturer on the latest, most novel and fastest selling list of new cash subscription books extant. Sixty days credit at wholesale prices, without ordinary publishers' profits. Exclusive territory. Our prospectus original and unprecedented in the book trade. Address, for full particulars and illustrated circular, Ben. Hoch Manufacturer, Cincinnati, Box 1563, New York. mon-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A barber shop. Address or call at 121 East Lewis street. 6 tfs

FOR SALE—At the SENTINEL Office, bound volumes of sound estimation.

FOR SALE—Saloon, with all new fixtures and a first-class down-town location. Address, O. E. Sentinel office.

FOR SALE—The fine brick residence, southeast corner Berry and Union streets. All modern conveniences. Apply to G. S. Bland, at Nuttman & Dyke bank. 21-tf

FOR SALE—Four houses and lots, drawing good rent, also, one 16-room boarding house, full of boarders. These are bargains. For further particulars call at De Wees-Barrett's office, No. 29 Calhoun street. 22-tf

FOR SALE—Gentle driving horse; safe for lady or children; also second hand surrey; in good repair; good set single harness, all in good order. The whole outfit cost over $300, but will scarcely use for them. Call at 206 Monroe avenue. 19-tf

HOMES FOR SALE ON EASY PAYMENTS. Parties will do well to call on me and look over my list of bargains. I will also hold to suit purchasers any of my vacant lots in different parts of the city. Store building for rent, No. 41 Broadway, with five rooms on second floor. Also, a brick barn, two squares from court house, suitable for two horses and wagons. J. T. CRAWFORD

tf Rooms, 10 and 11 Fisher & Long Block

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two furnished front rooms at 87 East Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board. No. 46 East Jefferson street. 19-2t

FOR RENT—House, No. 319 West Washington street. Inquire of Hoffman Bros., 300 West Main street. 19-6t

FOR RENT—First house across Clinton street from Wayne bridge. Inquire at 12 West Wayne street. 17-2t

FOR RENT—Two houses conveniently located in Brentwood. Inquire of or address D. H. Bittinger, 21 and 23 Bank Block. 20-tf

FOR RENT—A handsome flat of four rooms, with all modern conveniences, consisting of gas, water, bath and toilet, natural gas, grates and mantels, artificial gas and electric telegraph. Apply at 20 West Wayne street. Inquire at No. 24 West Wayne street. 17-3t

LOST.

LOST OR STOLEN—Pug dog, about eight months old. Finder will receive liberal reward by returning same to Frank Williams 66.

LOST—A pocketbook last Friday on Fairfield avenue, between Becker's grocery and Williams store. Finder will be return to the office and receive $10 reward.

FOUND—On Barr street a sack for little girl. For particulars call at Sentinel office. 19-3t

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERRY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and Residence, 1018 Fairfield avenue. Specialty—Diseases of Women. Office hours from 2 a. m. to 3 p. m.; from 7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

HOW TO BUILD A HOME.

DO YOU KNOW—That the cheapest place to borrow money is the Fort Wayne Building, Loan and Savings Association, which meets at hall of City Dept. Y. M. C. A. on Clinton street, every evening after the 15th of each month, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., and will loan you from $100 to $1,000 at from $1 to $5 per week, on first mortgage, real estate security. Loans made to anyone who is a member of the association or not. The borrower repays the loan in monthly instalments.

F. D. CAMARAS, President.
G. HEITLER, Treasurer.
J. F. HODGADON, Attorney.
W. I. GF 14t H. J. MCDONALD, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ARRIVED—Prof. Lucas and wife, Gypsy Fortune tellers, who will remain a few days longer; medium, clairvoyant; hidden mystery in life; clairvoyancy your first and only visit; parlors, Room 26 West Wayne street, entrance on Harrison street. sept 12-1m0

THOUSANDS visit Lakeside every summer. A holiday to see the wonderful development of that pretty suburb. No rapidity are the new and handsome cottages going up, but the single week makes a great difference in the appearance of things. Prices of lots are confessedly so stiffen and a delay of a month or two is liable to cost you from $50 to $100 more for your lot at once. The Land company will furnish you with money to build and let you pay it back in monthly instalments.

MONEY TO LOAN—The Tri-State Building and Loan Association stands ready to loan you to pay a mortgage or build you a house at a rate far less than anyone else. Do not pay a high rate of interest when you can get the benefit of the Tri-State Building and Loan Association at a low rate and on such easy terms as to make the payments less than the rent per month, to suit borrower. Call at the office, 20 Calhoun street, Room 5, Fisher and Long block, and secure full particulars. 22-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums of $100 to $10,000. Lowest rates and easiest terms. Mortgages notes and commercial paper bought.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

Nice 6-room dwelling, Hanna st. $1,400
Nice 5-room dwelling, Burgess st. 1,100
Choicest room dwelling, S. Wayne St. 1,700
New 8 room dwelling, Archer Ave. 1,000
Choicest room dwelling, S. Clay St. 1,800

City and suburban property, lots, farms, additions, farms, business chances, etc., for sale and exchange. J. P. CRAVEN, Rooms 3 & 4 White Bank Building. aug 24-1m0.

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!

Stop Paying Rent—Own Your Home.

If You Want Money to Pay Off a Mortgage,

If You Want Money to Improve Your Home or Other Property,

If You Want Money to Help You in Any Way, and Good Security,

Come to the Allen county Loan and Savings Association, rooms 4 and 7 Wolf's Block, and save your wants supplied on the best possible terms for safety and satisfaction to borrower.

T. C. ROGERS, Secretary. SO WHITE, President.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to office Home Road, corner Wayne and Harr sts., telephone, No. 884. 11-2m0

JOHN B. MONNING

Has Opened an Office at

68 East Main Street,

—AS—

Merchandise, Real Estate and Insurance Broker.

He being also a Notary Public, will execute Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, wills or any legal documents, within this jurisdiction, with promptness and dispatch. Any business intrusted to him will be highly appreciated.

The Poor Lame Man.

—Fliegende Blatter.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Accidents, Incidents, and Personal Gossip Gathered From the Shops and Office.

Jim O'Haern has accepted a position in the Bass shops.

Engineer J. Mooney, of the Pittsburg, is off today on account of sickness.

Conductor Stenen, of the Nickel Plate, after a few days rest, has returned to work.

M. F. Garrison, engineer on the Grand Rapids, is taking a few days' vacation.

G. B. Sinex, of the Pittsburg boiler shop, is at Chicago on business for the company.

Frank Spiedel and Nicholas Bloom, moulders at the Bass shops are laying off today.

Nickel Plate Engineer Hugh Logan spent Sunday at Arnold, Ind., the guest of friends.

Assistant Yard Master McVeigh, of the Nickel Plate, is off duty on account of sickness.

H. G. Granaman, road foreman of the Wabash at Springfield, Ill., spent yesterday in this city.

F. Schram, of the Pittsburg round house, reported for duty this morning after a short illness.

Engineer Frank Romerman, of the Nickel Plate, has reported for work after a month's vacation.

Mrs. W. P. Morris, wife of the Nickel Plate engineer, has returned from a pleasant visit in Chicago.

Saturday Fred Mackey, fireman on the Nickel Plate, fell on the tender of his engine and sprained his wrist.

The men in the Bass blacksmith shop are laboring twelve hours per day now on account of a rush in work.

William Schafer, of the Pittsburg car shops, reported for duty this morning after a severe attack of rheumatism.

Engineer W. Martin and Fireman D. G. Anderson, of the Pittsburg, are off today on account of sickness in their families.

Conductor Stanley, of the Nickel Plate, after a long visit in the south, has returned and reported, well fitted, for work.

P. Shea, engineer on the Pittsburg, reported for duty this morning after an absence on account of the illness of his sister.

W. W. Hill, weighmaster at the Nickel Plate yards, left Saturday for Washington to attend the national encampment.

Henry Carberry, hostler at the Nickel Plate round house, is still confined to his home on St. Marys avenue, on account of severe sickness.

W. F. McCarthy, engineer on the Nickel Plate, is taking a two weeks lay off for the benefit of his health, which has been very poor of late.

The small child of Michael McVeigh of the Nickel Plate round house, is very sick at the home of its parents, with inflammation of the bowels.

Engineers J. Shelley and J. Rondel, and Fireman G. Hayner, of the Pittsburg, reported for duty this morning after an absence caused by sickness.

Thirteen excursion trains passed through the city yesterday over the Pittsburg, en route to Washington, D., C., to attend the G. A. R. encampment.

Mrs. M. L. Foss, of Chicago, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Potter, of 30 Sherman street. Mr. Potter is a carpenter at the Nickel Plate round house.

Frank Opatz, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, laid off today.

J. Waldschmit, of the Pittsburg planing mill, is on the sick list.

Charles Dietman and bride were the recipients of numerous presents at their wedding last Saturday.

Lee Ballor, of the east Pittsburg shops, died in Detroit, ended, caught 150 shad at the feeder dam yesterday.

Foreman S. C. Murphy, of the east Pittsburg paint shop, and family, went to Washington, D. C., Saturday.

J. D. Rost, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, will start tomorrow on a trip to Germany to visit relatives.

J. H. Lehmeyer, of the Pittsburg shops, was absent this morning, on account of the illness of Mrs. Lehmeyer.

M. R. Hardendorf, of the Pittsburg shops, and Mrs. Hardendorf went to Chicago Saturday to spend a week with relatives.

C. Amrann, of the Pittsburg planing mills, reported for duty this morning, after a two months' absence on account of illness.

The Pittsburg shops are shipping a large number of guide doors for grain cars. Three car loads were sent off Saturday.

J. L. Sinclair, of the Pittsburg machine shops, mashed the fingers of his right hand last week and is not able to report for duty.

Mike Collins, of the Bass foundry, and Charles Frauer, fireman on the Pittsburg, left Saturday for a pleasure trip through Texas.

Thomas F. Butler, master mechanic of the Pittsburg shops at Crestline, Ohio, formerly in the Pittsburg roundhouse here, is in the city on business.

Railroad employes here wonder why Fort Wayne cannot furnish an ambulance to convey men who have been killed, instead of hauling them in the patrol like a common felon.

There were three No. 8's and three section of No. 2 Saturday night, and three 2's yesterday on account of the heavy passenger travel to the G. A. R. encampment at Washington, D. C.

According to the Elkhart Truth, Charles G. Conn rose within the period of sixteen years from a $1.25 laboring man to an employer of over 200 people. This shows Colonel Conn to be the best type of an American workingman.

J. W. Morrison, a passenger on No. 8 Saturday evening, en route to Washington, D. C., was joked with several fainting fits when near this city and was obliged to remain here over Sunday. His brother and brother-in-law stayed over with him. This morning Morrison's condition was much improved and all three went east on No. 22.

A number of prominent Pittsburg officials expect soon to go on a big fishing excursion, as extensive preparations are being made in the way of hooking up bait and tackle. All the gentlemen are experts in the piscatorial art, and names are suppressed for fear some of the local fishermen might get out injunctions to save some of the finny tribe for next year.

James J. Sullivan, of the Pittsburg machine shops, celebrated his twenty-fifth birthday Saturday, and received numerous presents from his many friends. Jimmie says his parents never expected him to get that far along the road of life, as he has been severely injured in several accidents, and once was so near death that the measurements for his coffin were taken.

The St. Louis Republic says: "Since the cholera made its appearance in New York the railroads are not so anxious as they were to bring immigrants. One of the lines which brought a train load of these people into Buffalo found its western connection unwilling to receive them, and considerable expense was entailed on that account. An unusual number of immigrants have apparently been anxious to pay first-class storage as it may seem. Several of the agents got around the difficulty by taking immigrants to a barber shop for a clean shave, to a bath for an annual slip, and fit the travelers out with new collars and neckties, so that they passed for tolerably respectable first-class passengers. All this, of course, was a gratuity or a rebate, if you will, from the railroad company. These immigrants got through all right and were gladly received by the western roads without any inquiry about their health."

"POOR RICHARD," otherwise Benjamin Franklin, left a fund for the benefit of young apprentices, the accumulations of which were available at the end of 100 years from the date of the will, for investment in "some public improvement." The apprentice system is no longer in vogue, and the fund has not been touched for a series of years. Some of the descendants of Franklin recently appealed to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania to declare the bequest void, but their prayer was denied. Boston, now that the hundred-year limit will soon be reached, wants the money to improve Franklin Park.

Have You Read

How Mr. W. D. Wentz, of Geneva, N. Y., was cured of the severest form of dyspepsia? He says everything he ate seemed like pouring molten lead into his stomach. Hood's Sarsaparilla effected a perfect cure. Full particulars will be sent if you write C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The highest praise has been won by Hood's Pills for their easy, yet efficient action.

Wyoming firemen held a state tournament.

A DAY'S OUTING.

A Merry Party of Young Men Have a Grand Time.

Schaefler's grove was yesterday the scene of one of the merriest camp affairs of the season. This favorite grove is situated six miles south of the city and to reach it you drive straight out the Fairfield avenue road. Frank Cutter, a jolly good hearted and social citizen of Cleveland, Ohio, is here visiting friends. To make his stay in Fort Wayne as pleasant as possible an "outing" was given yesterday in his honor. At 8 o'clock, the hour set for the departure, the visitor and his hosts, among whom were Jack Taylor, Fred Snider, Joseph Harlman, Captain George, Charles Bulger, Charlie Paul, Gene Neiman, Frank Offenloch, Henry and Dr William Meyers, Will Eilsell, Joseph Meks, Peter Moran, Portius Weibke, and George DeWald, left Meyers' livery stable, on East Wayne street, in a large 'bus for the woods. Arriving on the grounds the "outers" immediately set about preparing for the day's amusements, which consisted of base ball, foot ball, sparring matches and other athletic sports. Harlman was unanimously elected cook and the many dainty dishes produced by him proved that the selection was a wise one. Several of the boys wear slightly disfigured faces today, the result of the sparring matches, but no accidents occurred and the party returned at 9 o'clock, well pleased with the outing.

"ST. JOSEPHS."

Interesting Items From Our Regular Correspondent.

Diderick Korpral, whose leg was amputated, has left for home.

Alec Roy is very much improved.

Albert Snyder is still confined to bed.

Section-hand John Roach joins the Nickel Plate force.

Brakeman Charles Dyer, of the Pittsburg, is steadily improving. He expects to leave in the course of a week's time.

Harley Hash's injured leg is steadily improving.

Clarence Holt's injured limb is showing big improvement.

Mark McKinly, of Monroeville, has had a relapse of illness.

Engineer Sullivan has left for home, completely recovered from his illness.

Mrs. Anna Bardly is very much improved. Her injured limb is improving. She was recently injured by a Belt line car.

Brakeman Ottis Oberhein is very much improved. His broken legs, injured arm and mashed hand are all doing as well as can be expected.

The county commissioners visited the hospital Saturday in the interest of their patients. They were well pleased and commented highly upon the care their patients are receiving at the hands of the sisters.

Terence Colman is convalescent.

Thomas Norman Courtland is slowly improving under the care of Dr. Steinem.

Jim Strong, Fort Wayne's first assessor, is still confined here.

John O'Hearn, who left here some weeks ago, is lying sick in Toledo, Ohio.

Harriet Benwald is convalescent, and leaves for home in a few days.

John Sinclair is rapidly improving after a severe illness.

Brakeman William Wass' injured hand is much improved.

Brakeman Leonard, of the Wabash, has left for home, after receiving a check from the insurance company.

Mrs. Ottis Oberhein has arrived from Parsons, Kas., and is a constant visitor to her husband.

James McGarthy, of Columbia City, whose legs are hurt, is making progress.

Brakeman Stevens' injured hand is improving, especially by the patients.

Father Mendel, of Montclair, N. J., was a very pleasant visitor yesterday.

The steam heating apparatus for the new wing is in line. The plumbers, under the generalship of Mr. Cox, have made their exit. The plasterers are decorating the interior, whilst the footprints of the paint brush are embellishing the first coat, and very soon the new addition will present a finished appearance.

There were many visitors yesterday and during the week. Many leaving some bouquets of sweet smelling flowers to gladden the hearts of the sick patients, and although left by strangers, is a soothing balm and proves that there is yet much humanity in the world. Such little expressions of tender feelings are a great boon to those who are friendless and sick in many a hospital ward.

MURPHY O'HEA.

In Search of Knowledge.

"Mamma!" "Yes." "Does the dictionary have all the words in it?" "Why, of course, dear." "All words they is?" "Yes, all there are." "An' what they mean?" "Yes." "Can I look in the dictionary, mamma?" "Yes, if you can spell white mamma makes with Dr. Antibilious." Johnnie disappeared into the library and was gone twenty minutes, says the Detroit Tribune. When he came back he wore a look of deep disappointment and struggled with the weight of Webster unabridged. "I can't find it, mamma," he moved with a sigh. "What is it you want to find, Johnnie?" inquired the good doctor. "What papa said when I broked his shaving mug," was the innocent but suggestive response.

Girls' Dads.

Small Son—I don't want to wear these things.

Mother—Why, those are suspenders.

Small Son—I know. I spects you'll be puttin' me in dresses next.

JOB ALLOWAY'S TOOTH.

A Newfoundland Village Comedy in Which a Dishonest Dentist Plays a Part.

Pilley's island, as the world in general may not know, lies off the coast of Newfoundland, about 250 miles north of St. Johns. The mines of the Tyrites company are situated there, and the population, with the exception of the manager and his wife and some half dozen other imported people, is composed entirely of fishermen and miners who were born and bred on the island. There is not a stranger on the island, and cards are an unknown quantity. Consequently, until a few months ago when Manager Bowen brought a doctor out from England, religion was the only form of dissipation known to the natives. But now all that is changed. Now having one's tooth drawn is the popular and ultra-fashionable amusement.

It is a little over five years now since Job Alloway's tooth first began to attract attention. Until that occasion Job was quite a local unknown quantity. But Job's first toothache attacked him in prayer meeting one night and as this was the cause of a scene of irreverence which by the more devout members of the congregation, is spoken of with bated breath unto this day. Job was suspended from active membership for two months on the charge of using unseemly language. But on his informing the congregation of the real state of his tooth and promising to go down to St. Johns to have it out as soon as he could raise sufficient money to pay his passage, Job was reinstated.

From that time Job and his tooth have risen steadily in popular esteem. Any man who has been or even intends to go a far away from town as St. Johns is looked upon as a leading, if not a positive shining light. Besides, although Job's tooth was unruly, behaved in meeting and in church, it still kept itself in evidence by occasional paroxysms in public. As time went on people became solicitous about Mr. Alloway's tooth, and stopped when they met him to inquire about it. Job meanwhile kept adding religiously to his tooth fund, but something was always turning up to prevent him from raising sufficient means to start on his voyage.

There has always been a good deal of incipient toothache on the island, and no sooner did it become known that a doctor had arrived who could wield a pair of pinchers than the inhabitants rushed to him for relief pell mell.

But Job stood aloof and reasoned within himself. He drank in eagerly the stories which all his friends related of their harrowing experience in the doctor's chair. From the outset he regarded the doctor's advent as a distinct affront. He hated to relinquish that long cherished trip to St. Johns. As for parting with his tooth at home, the idea never entered his head. But one day in an evil hour, Job thought he'd go up and have a chat with the doctor.

Job was ushered into the doctor's study and took a seat in the dentist chair. He had never seen a chair built that way before, so he thought he'd try it just for fun.

Dr. Butters came in presently in a great hurry and asked what he could do for Job. Job said:

"Well, you see, doctor," began Job in his slow, drawling way. "I've got a tooth, and—"

"You yes, yes!" exclaimed the doctor, who had two important cases waiting for him. "Let's have a look at it."

He picked up his forceps instinctively. As soon as he caught sight of the tooth he gave vent to a long professional "A—h!"

Before Job was fairly aware of it he heard himself give a shriek of pain, found his tooth wrapped up neatly in a white paper in his hand, and heard Dr. Butters remark in the kindly tones, "I think you'll feel a little better now."

It was a good five minutes before Job realized what had happened. Then he cursed and swore like a trooper, and actually threatened the doctor's life.

Half an hour later he started for home, carrying his tooth in his waistcoat pocket, a crushed and broken man. The news ran through the village like wildfire that Job Alloway had had his tooth out. There was no need of his going to St. Johns now.

Job realized his situation immediately. He has placed the tooth away with the wreath of wax flowers off his wife's collin and his other family relics and is trying to accept his fate.

He realizes to the full that he is no longer in it. Job hasn't even a root left with which to startle the natives by sensational paroxysms now and then.

Dwarfs of the Middle Ages.

In the middle ages every family who could afford the luxury kept a dwarf, whose principal duties were to look as ugly as possible and to receive with equal manifestations of gratitude the childings of his mistress and the kicks of her guests. No royal court was considered complete without a dwarf, who, as a court jester, amused by his wit or, more commonly, served as a butt for the wit of others.

Electric Lights on the Battle Field.

In trying to solve the difficulties of searching for the wounded at night after a battle, a method has been tried with fair success at Grats of sending out men armed with portable electric lanterns, which throw a powerful searchlight.

Whatever Is Is Right.

Jack Frost—I do believe that a fellow over did make a mistake and kiss the wrong girl, in the dark, you know?

Tom De Witt—No; how the dance can a man kiss the wrong girl anyhow?—Puck.

IN FUN AND EARNEST.

Giles—Which of Moneypenny's daughter's are you going to propose to, Harry—The youngest, of course.

She—That odious Mrs. Newrich seems to think more of her dog than of her boy. He—Oh, well, the dog has a pedigree.

Teacher—Is this instrument called a fiddle, or a violin? Professor—Yes I play it, it's a violin. Yes you play it, it's a fiddle.

Travers—How long a course does your son take at college? Dalson—That's just the question I asked. He wrote back that it would be two miles with a turn.

Mamma—Why did you put two stamps on this letter? One would have been plenty. Little Tommy—One of the stamps was tored, and I didn't want to waste it.

He—I am delighted with my new doctor. He promises to make my rheumatism disappear within a month. She (shocked)—But then we shall have to buy a horse!

Bellows—I should think you would begin to think about getting married Breeze—O, I have. I have given it a great deal of thought. Bellows—Well, when does the event come off? Breeze—Never.

BREEZY BITS.

When a woman wants to drive anything out of the house she shoes it. A man usually boots it.

He—Miss Antique may be old, but she comes of an old family. She—Possibly she inherits her age.

According to law, a widow is entitled to her third, but the men are generally shy after she has buried her second.

Accepting the philosopher's theory that money represents trouble, it is surprising to see how many people are willing and anxious to borrow.

"You say that your husband is both economical and extravagant. In what way?" "Well, he is economical in lavishing praise, and extravagant in giving advice."

Gentleman Visitor, to best girl's little sister—Your sister let me kiss her. Now, won't you let me kiss you?—Little Sister, loftily—No, I don't allow all the gentlemen to kiss me, as sister does.

"You seem to be rather battered," said the signet ring to a solitaire, as they lay side by side in the pawnbroker's show case. "I have figured in many engagements," replied the latter sadly.

She—I think a girl is very foolish to marry a poor man. He, piped—Indeed she is, but not one bright, stylish as another person whom I might name. "Whom?" "The poor man who marries that sort of a girl."

"Why is it that you are bringing up your daughter to work for a living when you have enough to keep her in comfort at home?" "I want her to be able to support her husband properly if she ever gets married."

A self-acting sofa, just large enough for two, has been invented. If properly wound up, it will begin to ring a warning bell just before 10 o'clock. At one minute after 10 it goes upstairs, and while one-half carries the daughter of the house up stairs, the other half kicks the young man out of doors. They will come high, but people must have them.

Ex-Slaves Become Slaveholders.

Negroes who go from America to Africa frequently become slaveholders by reason of their superiority in intelligence to the natives of that benighted country and because they have some money. This is the report given by Rev. A. McCullough, who has been visiting in parts of Africa where there are colonies of prosperous American negroes. These American negroes, he says, almost invariably invest whatever money they have in slaves, and are cruel and avaricious masters.

A Beautiful Natural Arch.

At Hirnshleigeber, Bohemia, the unusual working of nature in the destruction of rocks has resulted in a most colossal and ruggedly beautiful arch, the summit of which is upward of 1,100 feet above sea level.

Miss Belle Levi, of M. Frank & Co., has returned from a three weeks' vacation in Mexican City, Mo.

KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES—Warranted.

A Thoughtful Person

Consults his best interests by having a box of Krause's Headache Capsules at hand; taken as directed will prevent or stop any kind of a headache, no matter what the causes—in fact if your skull was cracked it would prevent pain. The frequency of the attacks will diminish, and by taking the capsules at the approach of a headache, you will never have another.

For sale by Gross & Pellen.

INDIANA, Neb., May 5, 1891.

To whom it May Concern:

I have suffered for years with neuralgic headache, and KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES is the only remedy that has done me any good. Would recommend them to all similarly affected.

CHAS. PASSORT.

716 N. 16th Street

New York Italians have a fruit exhibition.

YOU DON'T KNOW

what a comfort it is to have ready at hand a remedy that never fails to relieve Constipation, and that, without pain or discomfort; and almost immediately cures headaches, and dispels every symptom of Dyspepsia. Such a remedy is found in Simmons Liver Regulator—not a sweetened compound to nauseate, or an intoxicating beverage to cultivate an alcoholic appetite, but a medicine pleasant to the taste, and perfectly harmless when given to a fretful sick child. S. L. R. never disappoints. It possesses the virtues and perfections of a reliable remedy of the kind endorsed by eminent physicians.

"It affords me pleasure to add my testimony to those you receive especially in reference to your valuable medicine. I consider Simmons Liver Regulator the best family medicine in the market. I always recommend it when I am asked."—W. F. PARR, M. D., Troy City, Tenn.

SEPTEMBER STYLES

A. FOSTER,

FASHIONABLE

TAILOR!

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Cash is life, cash changing day. Shows the cost it lifts away.

Each sense only must perform. Eyes through summons through storm.

perhaps some lesson teach again. Peasant, may be, or one of pain.

Hearth through life some task is set. Reading man is not perfect yet.

Learned in every lit. own line. Every garment A. FOSTER makes so fine.

Made in to the latest style, each one May find suits most correctly done.

Pay to-day, next enter, next maker to be, Better material you never did see.

Cash is order, at one to date. Each one is promised—no vexations delay.

Right moderate charges—low then again Is incident to A. FOSTER, the tailor on Wayne

Finest assortment of goods in the city for SEPTEMBER and every other month.

A. FOSTER.

LYON & HEALY,
Wabash Ave. and Adams St., Chicago.
Concerted Pitch Instruments, Tuning Forks, Metronomes, Band Instruments, Violins, Guitars, Zithers, Strings, Music Books, Sheet Music and Music Boxes. Lowest prices. Write Lyon & Healy's Music Boxes for Catalogue and a Selected List of Sheet Music.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Wednesday, Sept. 21.

THE TRAGIC QUEEN,

MADAME JANAUSCHEK

And Her Choice Company including

Edmond K. Collier,

Present Shakespeare's Master Tragedy,

"MACBETH"

N. B.—In the character of "Lady Macbeth," Mme. Janauschek has no living peer.

EDMUND COLLIER, AS MACBETH.

Prices, 25, 50, 75 and $1.

Seats on Sale Monday at Box Office.

FOR RENT!

After January 1st, 1893.

For a Period of Five Or Ten Years.

The Five-Story Building next door to the Sentinel Office, on Calhoun St., Occupied by J. A. Armstrong, as a Wholesale Milliney Store.

CALL AT SENTINEL OFFICE

KIRK'S

DUSKY

DIAMOND

TAR SOAP

Healthful, Agreeable, Cleansing.

Cures Chapped Hands, Pimples, Burns, Etc. Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP.

Best for General Household Use.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet, that a constitution may gradually be built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping our selves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.—Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

NOTICE.

To J. Hinkelsperger, Lucas Barnard, Joseph Parlow, Frederick Schmitz, John Gruber, Adam Weis, William Albrecht, C. W. Hildebander and Peter Schlatter, and to whom it may concern: Jacob Schlatter of Huron street, from Charles to Buchanan street, in said city.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the undersigned will on the 19th day of September, 1892, at the hour of 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the city engineer's office, which meets in the parlors of the city hall, in said city, hear and consider the petition of Jacob Schlatter, for the improvement of said Huron street, from Clinton street to Harrison street, and at the same time required by the city engineer to hear and consider the advisability of said improvement as required by law, and now then you and each of you are hereby notified, and all persons feeling aggrieved by such report, may come in at the time and place aforesaid, and be heard in relation to

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

MONDAY, SEPT. 19, 1892.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Forecast until 8 p. m. Tuesday. For Indiana—Generally fair; slightly cooler except in southern Indiana; winds becoming northeasterly.

Our Thermometer.

THE SENTINEL thermometer, in the shade, registered today as follows:

8 a. m.	68°
10 a. m.	72°
12 m.	74°
2 p. m.	75°

FRESH LOCAL LINES.

J. W. Van Arsdol, of Monroeville, is visiting in this city.

Miss Clara Byers and Miss Daisey Walters left for Chicago today.

Miss Lizzie Johnson, of Auburn, is the guest of friends in this city.

There were only five deaths this last week recorded inside the city limits.

Louis Bohne, of the Smith Hardware company, spent Sunday at Monroeville.

Mrs. Wm. Kelley has as her guest her niece, Miss May Donahue, of Van Wert.

C. Swan, of the Raymond Lead company, of Pennsylvania, is in the city the guest of friends.

Miss Susie McLeon went to New Haven Saturday, where she visited friends over Sunday.

Miss Maggie Miller has gone to Chicago to accept a position with a leading firm as their bookkeeper.

Miss Ellen Ellison, of Lagrange, is expected this week to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ellison.

Mrs. William Fleming returned home Saturday from Washington, where she accompanied her children to school.

D. A. Wolford, of Miner street, left Saturday for Chicago, where he will visit his sons, Rush and A. P. Wolford.

Mrs. F. S. Liffe and daughter, Maude, of Indianapolis, are the guests of Mrs. W. H. Redding, of 22 West Jefferson street.

The Caledonian society of this city will hold a regular meeting tonight and all members are cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. James Lowry and nephew, Warnie Wynekin, left Saturday night for Chicago, which is the home of Mrs. James Lowry.

Judge Daly, of Bluffton, stopped off a short time in this city Saturday to see friends, while en route home from a northern trip.

Mrs. Wilbur N. Ruth and daughter are visiting at the home of her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Rogers, at 61 East Jefferson street.

All the members of the First Christian church are requested to be present tomorrow evening to welcome Brother Updike on his return to the city.

Miss Rose Nolan, of South Lafayette street, will leave tomorrow for Rensselaer, Ind., where she is engaged for the fall season as trimmer in that city.

This morning's arrivals at the Wayne were C. T. Buel, Akron; C. A. Babcock, A. J. Call, Cuyahoga Falls; R. F. Day, Boston, and H. E. Stermiller, Chicago.

The picnic at High Banks Saturday, of the Sunday school of the Trinity Episcopal church, had a large attendance, and a most enjoyable time was spent.

The law office of Cass and Weir, prominent lawyers of Valparaiso, was nearly burnt out last night by fire, but the remainder of the building escaped damage.

Miss Cecil Lonergan, of East Lewis street, left last week for Lima, Ohio, to accept a position as head trimmer in the wholesale millinery department of Glover & Winters.

The Fort Wayne Building and Loan Fund association will hold a meeting tomorrow evening in the Y. M. C. A. building. The association has at present $10,000 ready to loan out.

Miss Lena Provines, a graduate of the Huntington high schools, commenced a short hand course in McDermut's business college this morning. Miss Provines is a cousin of Mrs. G. R. Hench.

A. M. Grose, Cincinnati; C. B. Fear, Chicago; R. K. Erwin, Decatur; M. J. Beach, Toledo; J. DeWitt Talmage, Brooklyn; W. A. Thompson, Chicago; H. O. Stine, Ossian, are stopping with "Dick" at the Randall.

The Huntington Herald says: "Miss Lizzie Mahin, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Mahin, of Fort Wayne, who has been spending the week very pleasantly visiting Misses Gertrudeand Anna Wheeler, leaves Monday for Greencastle, where she will enter the DePauw university."

The title of the new play in which Alexander Salvini will be seen in the spring is "The Heir of Grammont," and not "Francis II," as has been stated. It is a romantic play of the Sixteenth century, the scenes being laid in France. The piece was written by Paul Kester under Mr. Salvini's supervision.

Saturday was a day of weddings, there being five in this city. Rev. Strait performed the ceremony uniting Cyrus Hadsell and Miss Jennie Hatch, Squire Wilkinson married Christian B. Oliver and Miss Sarah E. Hamilton, Squire France said the words which made William F. Bower and Miss Sarah Schnurr man and wife, while Squire Hays officiated in the same capacity for William Henirick and Miss Rose Kinsely. They are all country people.

The annual appearance of Madame Janauschek is announced for next Wednesday at the Masonic Temple. This famous tragedienne will this time present "Lady Macbeth," in which she assumes the title role and gives a splendid performance thereof. Among the company may be mentioned in particular Edmund Collier, whose portrayal is faultless. It may be of interest to state that this will probably be the appearance here of this great actress.

S. C. Fessenden has gone to Muncie.

Miss Anna Marsh, of Waterloo, Ind., is visiting friends in the city.

Henry Coleriek left for Columbia City this morning to try a case.

O. S. Thornberry, of Columbia City, is in the city today on business.

Mrs. W. H. Pennell, of Van Wert, is the guest of friends in this city.

Mrs. Mary G. Ashley, of Auburn, is the guest of her mother and sister at New Haven.

E. C. Smith, of East Wayne street, is visiting his mother this week at Romeo, Wis.

A. P. Jackson returned last evening after having visited friends at Huntington two or three days.

The Salimonie gas company is very busy at present putting in new services for heating and lighting.

The young ladies interested in the Battery Kirmess will meet tonight in the dental office of Dr. Mungen.

The Misses Tyrone Cole and Cora Depuy, of Van Wert, spent Sunday with Mrs. Thomas Glenn, of South Wayne.

Miss Lydia Armbruster, of Harmer street, left for Bucyrus, Ohio, this morning for a week's visit with her parents.

Dr. Ralph Clark, of Lansing, Michigan, spent Sunday with friends in this city. Mr. Clark is en route home from Indianapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Mart Frank, who have been visiting relatives in the city for two weeks, returned to their home in Chicago this morning.

At the Aveline: Charles H. Talmage and J. H. Leonard, Asylum; Lucile Meyers, Chicago; C. L. Holmes, Appleton, and Benj. O. Hueston, Chicago.

Cottage meeting Tuesday evening at the residence of James E. Graham, No. 405 Hanna street. All friends of the association will find a cordial welcome.

Fifteen pupils are now enrolled in the Kinsergarten school of the Plymouth Congregational church on West Washington street. The school is prospering.

Mrs. A. Hildebrand, of Huntington, arrived in the city Saturday evening and this morning assumed the position of laundry clerk at the Feeble Minded institute.

Mrs. James Geary, wife of the proprietor of the World's museum, is seriously ill and will not be able to appear upon the stage this afternoon as was announced.

Two of ex-Councilman William Dochrman's children are sick with diphtheria. A card was this morning tacked upon the residence, No. 359 East Washington street.

H. J. DuPoint, Cadillac, Mich.; M. J. Tremey, Delaware, Ohio; S. T. Ullmer, Danville; Henry Bartian, Bluffton; J. B. Davids, Chicago, and L. B. Dawiney, Chicago, are registered at the Aldine.

At the Rich—W. J. Jones, Cleveland; George Fishwick, Cincinnati; D. O. C. Sprague, Toledo; J. B. Roberts, Springfield; A. R. Bayne, Boston; Mrs. F. Fair and son, Sterling, Kan.; J. A. Hawthorne, Toledo, and Wm. B. Cole, Cincinnati.

This morning at about 7:30 two Central cars on an incoming freight train on the Nickel Plate, jumped the track at Ewing street and ran along for about 300 feet before the train was stopped. The rail at that crossing not being spiked down undoubtedly caused the cars to leave the track.

This morning a horse belonging to F. C. Parnan became frightened at a moving train while tied in front of the Olds wagon works. The animal ran furiously down the Wabash track from Lafayette street, until stopped in front of the Wabash depot. The spokes on the left wheel were broken and the harness badly torn' outside of which there was no further damage.

R. L. Romy will leave tonight for Eaton, where he is interested in the new Land and Improvement company of that place. The company has just purchased another tract of land, the contract of which will be closed up today. M. J. Kuntz left this morning in the interest of the Old Pulley Works company, at Eaton, which was recently organized and the contract let for a large building. Mr. Kuntz is to oversee the construction of the building.

Yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock Farmer Henry Beckler, while driving along Maumee avenue with a friend, met with a slight accident in front of mensing's drug store. The ashes off of his cigar set fire to some straw that was in the wagon and before it was noticed the coat of Mr. Beckler was also afire. He immediately drove to the fountain in Hayden park and after a big effort succeeded in smothering the flames. Only a portion of the wagon was destroyed.

Yesterday morning Edward Hurlbut and J. E. Sunderland started out to make an all day trip on their bicycles. They had gone but eight miles on the Huntington road when Mr. Hurlbut collided with a dog belonging to a farmer who was about to pass them. He was thrown off his wheel uninjured save a few bruises and the mortification of having his clothes torn off. Through the kindness of a farmer in the neighborhood he obtained a suit of overalls, which he gladly accepted, and were till he arrived back safe and sound in the city.

A most charming pedro party was given at the home of Miss Carrie Link, of East Jefferson street, in honor of her guests, the Misses Cecil and Anna Shutt, of Decatur; Mr. Nivef, of Chicago, the guest of the Misses DeWald, and Mr. Wm. Thompson, also of Chicago, the guest of Mr. Peter Thompson. The invited guests were the Misses Lou, Sophia and Mamie DaWald, Frankie Grothouse, Alice Peterson, Prudie Franks, Cecil and Anna Smith and Messrs. Will Ropp, W. W. Wilkinson, Jack Foster, Charley Paul, Henry Taylor, George DeWald, Frank Klotz, Julian Franks, Peter Thompson and Charley Reese. Some beautiful vocal selections were rendered by Miss Cecil Smith and Mr. Will and Peter Thompson.

O. B. Willey, the surveyor, is seriously ill with typhoid fever.

E. D. Hildebrand, of Columbia City, was in the city today on business.

Mrs. G. H. Loesch, of West Washington street, is visiting her sister in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Lennon attended the Seery-Harrington wedding at Jackson, Mich., yesterday.

Attorney Samuel L. Morris left this morning for Valparaiso, to be gone a week on legal business.

Mrs. Burnett, of 288 Calhoun street, has returned from a month's visit with relatives in Celina, Ohio.

Miss Susie McLeon returned this afternoon from New Haven, where she spent Sunday with relatives.

Misses Clara Kerr and Cora Bayless and Messrs. Will Ropa and Gust Raub spent yesterday at Blue Lake.

Albert Long has accepted a position with the Carter drug store at New Haven and left this afternoon for that place.

Joe Coombs, of Louisville, is in the city the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Judge Coombs, of West Washington street.

The bicycle club of the city department of the Y. M. C. A. will make a run to New Haven tonight, starting at 6:15 sharp.

Mrs. E. A. Barnes left this afternoon for her home in Detroit, after spending two weeks with her parents, Hon. Judge Morris and wife.

The Misses May Brunsen, Mary Downs and Mary Callihan, spent Sunday in Pierceton, where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Galvin

Fred Schmuckle's turtle got up on his rock this morning. This is a sure indication of rain. Fred's turtle always climbs up on the rock before a rain.

Clifford Hubbard, of the San T. Fisk ticket office, is in the city, having been called here on account of the sudden illness of his mother, on Harrison street.

This morning train No. 37, of the Nickel Plate, was badly wrecked at Claypool, Ind. Nine cars were derailed but it is thought that there has been little damage done. Trainmaster S. K. Blair left for that place this afternoon.

The work of sodding the slopes of the new waterworks reservoir will commence tomorrow. An immense amount of sod will be needed, as the surface contains 700 squares, each square containing 100 square feet, making a total of 70,000 square feet to be sodded over.

Announcements have been made of the engagement of James T. Leary, clerk for the Pennsylvania company, to Miss Alice Hughes, of the People's store, and of Will Wagoner, train dispatcher of the Grand Rapids, to Miss Kittie O'Rourke, daughter of Supt. P. S. O'Rourke, of the Grand Rapids.

An interesting bill of attractions is being presented this week at Geary's World's Museum. The stock company will be materially strengthened this week by the addition of Edwin Houghton, a talanted actor and a Fort Wayne favorite. He will be seen in the thrilling melo-dramatic romance, "Not Guilty," which will be presented the first three days of the week. The powerful and interesting play, "A Sister's Oath," will occupy the boards the last three days of the week. The attraction in the curio hall will be excellent. Mrs. James Geary will appear with the stock company.

There is a saloon near the east Fittsburg car shops on the Wayne Trace, which is a regular retreat on Sunday nights for a lot of young hoodlums who get drunk and then proceed to terrorize the inhabitants of that neighborhood. Last night a number of these young toughs, all under twenty years of age, after taking their usual libations, became very obscene and noisy. Upon being remonstrated with by a certain gentleman, in front of whose house they were boisterous, they became still worse. This man then called assistance from watchmen in the yards and soon put to flight the whole gang. These affairs are regular Sunday night occurrences, and the people of that vicinity, which is outside the corporation, are thinking of applying to the county commissioners to put a stop to these nuisances.

WILL SPEAK HERE.

One of the Most Eloquent Democratic Orators of the Country.

Hon. Bourke Cochran, who is to speak here on the night of September 30, in a published interview in New York last Friday, expressed the opinion that New York will give Cleveland more than 50,000 majority. He says not only will the democratic vote be solid for him, but he will receive a surprisingly large republican vote, especially among the German republicans.

Mr. Cochran, like Depew, stands by common consent at the head of the list as a public speaker. He was born an orator, and his great speech before the Chicago convention shows the heights of which he is capable when fully aroused. Cochran is a huge man physically, heavy-eyed, broad-chested and full-jawed. At his best his manner is awe-inspiring and convincing. His voice is melodious and powerful, his gestures natural and impressive, and his diction chaste and sparkling. Zealous and impetuous, he always leaves behind him the impression of believing in what he says. His theory of oratory can be given in a few words. "I believe," said he the other day, "that a man in order to make a great speech should be antagonized, stung, as it were, to effort. Ordinary speech making is vapid and leads to nothing. At any rate it bores me. Given a condition of things where two factions are fighting for a principle, a theory, or an idea, whatever it is, and there's where oratory shines like a lamp. But to talk for the sake of talking, just to make mere pleasantries and platitudes, that is not oratory."

Rev. Taylor Leaves Hartford.

HARTFORD, CONN., Sept. 19.—Rev. Dr. Graham Taylor preached his last sermon at the Fourth church yesterday. He left for Chicago Friday.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM.

A Fort Wayne Man Arrested at Chicago for Robbery.

A telegram from Chicago says: "The opportune interference of a police officer early yesterday morning saved Henry Clark, who has a grocery on Thirty-first street, near State, from giving up his gold watch and spare money to two thieves. Clark was passing the corner of Prairie and Cottage Grove avenues at 2:30 o'clock when two men stepped him. They carried revolvers, and he was warned not to make any noise on penalty of death.

As Officer John Wrenn, of the Cottage Grove Avenue station turned the corner, Clark was standing with both hands raised above his head. One man was holding a revolver in his face; the other was searching his pockets. The officer drew his revolver and ordered them to give up their weapons. This they did, but as Wrenn was taking them the men sprang on him and attempted to overcome him. There was a lively scuffle for a few minutes, during which one of the men escaped. The other was taken to the Cottage Grove avenue station and afterwards transferred to the armory. He said his name was James Cunningham, and that he recently came to this city from Fort Wayne, Ind. He told Lieutenant Healy the name of the man who had been with him, and the police think they can also locate him.

THE ABBOTT SANITARIUM.

Wonderful Effects of a Magnetic Mineral Water—A Popular Resort.

The observer who meets the improvements that are constantly adding to our city cannot help but feel interested in the Sanitarium recently established by the Abbott Magnetic Mineral Well company, near the east yards. At the invitation of Mr. C. E. Moellering, secretary of the company, a SENTINEL representative visited the Sanitarium Sunday, and was conducted through the institution. The visitor enters a commodious reception room, from which there are exits to the various departments, viz., the ladies' and gents' compartments for hot and cold baths, the cooling rooms, etc. A winding stairway leads to the upper floor where rooms are conveniently arranged for the accommodation of patients who desire rooms and board at the Sanitarium. A large dining room and culinary apartments occupy another part of the building. An air of cheerfulness pervades the entire establishment. The interior is finished in southern pine. An abundance of light streams through the numerous windows which look out upon every side, unfolding to view beautiful and varying scenery. However complete and handsome is the Sanitarium, the most valuable feature has not yet been spoken of. The water from the well has been thoroughly analyzed by several of the most scientific gentlemen in the country and found equal and superior to some of the most noted healthe-giving waters that nature has produced in this country. To do justice to the subject would require more space than is available in the column of THE SENTINEL. Suffice it to say that its merits are becoming so well recognized that very many who have spent many months of their life at some of the well known springs, are today taking baths regularly at the Sanitarium, with better results than they have ever before enjoyed. The magnetic mineral water has most wonderful properties and its grand effects are far-reaching. Between 200 and 300 persons take baths at the Sanitarium every week, and the company is driven to the necessity of employing more attendants and other help at the institution.

THE MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Closing at 1:15 p. m.—

Wheat, Sept., 71½; Oct., 72⅝@¾; May, 80⅞c.

Corn, Sept., 46c; Oct., 46½@½c; May, 49½c.

Oats, Sept., 32½c; Oct., 33c; May, 36½c.

Pork, Sept., $9.95; Oct., $10.00; Jan., $11.72½.

Lard, Sept., $7.37½; Oct., $7.32½@.35; Jan., $6.50.

Ribs, Sept., $7.62½; Oct., $7.65; Jan., $6.05.

TOLEDO, Sept. 19.—Close—Wheat, cash 74½c; Oct., 74½c; Dec., 77c bid; May, 82½c bid.

Corn, cash, 47½c.

Oats, nominal.

Rye, cash and Oct., 58c.

Cloverseed, cash and Oct., $5.90; Nov., $5.87½; Dec., $5.95.

UNION STOCK YARDS, Sept. 19.—Cattle receipts, 21,000; weak.

Hogs, receipts, 23,000; opened strong but closed dull at Saturday's quotations. Heavy, $5.15@5.50; mixed and medium, $5.15@5.40; light, $5.00@5.35.

Sheep, rpceipts, 8,000; steady.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Close.—Wheat; No. 2 red winter, 78⅞c cash; Sept., 78½; Oct., 78⅞c; Dec., 81½.

Corn, No. 2, mixed, 55½c cash; Oct., 54½c; Nov., 55½c.

Oats, No. 2, mixed, 37½ cash; Oct., 37c; Nov., 38½c.

Rye, nominal, 64@67c.

Barley, nominal.

Sugar, refined, firm; cut loaf and crushed, 5 5-16@5½c; granulated, 5@5 3-16c; powdered and cubes, 5¼@5 5-16c.

Coffee, steady; fair Rio No. 7, 14¾@15c.

Pork, quiet; mess, at $11.00 @11.50

Butter, dull with prices about steady; creamery state extras, 22@25c; western extras, 22@23½c.

Cheese, state factory, full cream, white, 10@10½.

Eggs, quiet; state new choice, 22@23c; western, 21@22c.

Frederick C. Franke, formerly of this city, now a conductor on the Cincinnati, Wabash and Michigan railroad at Big Rapids, Mich., was married last Thursday to Miss Frances Quick, an estimable young lady of that city. Mr. Franke and bride are the guests at present of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Rabe, 243 Broadway. After a short visit here they expect to visit relatives at several points in Illinois, and then return to Big Rapids, where a handsomely furnished cottage awaits their arrival.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 19.—Wilfred L. Lawson, while toying with a shotgun Sunday, accidentally shot his wife, Mary. He was arraigned and remanded without bail.

HENRY HARBER

Is Lying at the Point of Death at His Home.

Henry Harber, is lying at the point of death at his home, 390 Hanna street. He was injured at Continental, Ohio, about three weeks ago by being squeezed between two cars and since then has been growing gradually worse by reason of frequent hemorrhages. He is a conductor on the Nickel Plate, and a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Trainmen. That order has detailed R. E. White to take care of him at night.

Refused a License.

The county commissioners have refused to grant a license to Joseph Baum, who for some time past has conducted the five cent saloon on East Columbia street. He will take an appeal to the circuit court.

Another 100 Baskets of Michigan Peaches

Received this Monday morning; now is the time for canning while they are low: $1.50 per bushel including basket, or small baskets, 20c.

English Blue Plums, 12½c qt.

Concord Grapes, 5c lb.

New York Quinces, 75c peck.

Cape Cod Cranberries, 10c qt.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Important Notice to Endeavorers.

All officers and committee members of Christian Endeavor societies in Fort Wayne are requested to meet in the lecture room of the Third Presbyterian church Monday evening, Sept. 19, at 8 o'clock, to consider important matters relating to the coming Christian Endeavor convention.

This is very important.

By order of

PRES. OF LOCAL UNION.

Low Rates to Hillsdale.

Account of the Hillsdale Fair to be held Oct. 3d to 7th, inclusive, the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railway will sell excursion tickets to Hillsdale and return on above dates, at one price for the round trip, with twenty-five cents added for admission to the grounds. Tickets will be good going on date of sale and returning, not later than Oct. 8th.

Special trains will be run from Fort Wayne to Hillsdale and return, stopping at intermediate stations on Oct. 5, 1892. See posters. 19, 24, 26, 1.

Oysters Down Another 2c Can.

Best Selects, J. E. S., for frying, 37c can.

S. & W.'s, Best Stewing, 25c can.

Choice Celery, 25c bunch.

FRUIT HOUSE.

A full line of Full and Winter Suitings in all the Fashionable Designs, at

PERRY N. DEHAVEN'S,

34 E. Berry Street.

Barbeque.

Fort Wayne Butchers' association will give a Barbeque on Sunday, Sept. 25, at Centliver's park. Music by the City band. Everybody invited. 17-7t

Westminster Seminary

Will open its tenth year Wednesday, Sept. 21, at 9 a. m., with better facilities for work than ever before. Its very excellent corps of teachers has been strengthened by the addition of three others. The very best work will be done in the regular course, as well as in Art, Music, Elocution and Physical Culture. The Kindergarten Department is discontinued to make more room for older pupils, but the Primary Department will present unusual advantages.

The Westminster Boys' school will be continued under the charge of Professor Crowe. Boys too young to be admitted to this school will be received in the Primary school on the Seminary grounds.

Application for admission to any of these departments may be made at any time to the principals at the Seminary, 251 W. Main St. 3eod12-20-21

Tressel's Hungarian Process and Silver Dollar Flour are the best in the market. Take no other. Also "Pillsbury Best," Springwheat Patent. sil-1m

Barbeque.

Fort Wayne Butchers' association will give a Barbeque on Sunday, Sept. 25, at Centliver's park. Music by the City band. Everybody invited. 17-7t

Use Bloomingdale Mills White Lead and Silver Wedding Flour. It is made by the Centrifugal System and it is the best. s13-tf

Parties wishing to see Geo. S. Hall, the decorator, can find him at H. A. Kirchofer & Co.'s fresco room, at 21 West Berry street. 20-tf

"MUSIC SCHOOL"

OF

Voice Culture and Instrumental Music.

49 West Berry Street.

Fourth Year begins Monday, Sept. 12th, 1892.

Mrs. L. WEBB HANNISTER.

Railroad News Stand,

270 Calhoun Street.

Headquarters for Periodicals, Chicago, Cleveland, Cincinnati and Detroit Dailies.

Full line of Cigars and Tobacco.

Candies and Chewing Gum.

T. W. Loyd's Great Electric Soap,

For cleaning wall paper and fresco work. All orders receive prompt attention, and satisfaction guaranteed. Leave orders at Hoosier Shoe Store, or address, 435 East Washington street. Telephone No. 426. sept 10-1mo

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

134 BROADWAY.

Call and Examine Our Stock.

Repairing of all Kinds a Specialty.

JNO. CARNS.

CARROLL & SMITH,

Practical Painters.

Sign Painting,

Graining, Hard Wood Finishing,

Paper Hanging and Decorating.

Also, a full line of Mixed Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Etc.

All work guaranteed and done in a first-class manner, by

CARROLL & SMITH,

No 12 East Berry street,

Fort Wayne, Ind.

Mergentheim's Bazaar.

Northwest Corner Main and Calhoun Sts., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Our Cloak Department

Is showing the latest Novelties in Fall and Winter Wraps at prices that are just right.

Dress Goods.

Everything New in this department from the Cheapest to the Best. A fine stock to select from.

EIDERDOWNS!

Ten different styles and colors. We can surely suit you both in price and goods.

Flannels!

All Wool Red Flannels, at 7c, 20c and 25c and up. Did you see our

5c Cotton Flannels!

It is the best in this market. Then we have them better, at 6c, 7c, 7 1-2c, 8c, 9c, 10c, and 12 1-2c.

YARNS.

This department is complete. German Knitting Yarns at 20c, 25c, and 30c. Saxony Yarns, the best at 10c. Germantown yarns at 15c. Fairy Yarns, Algola Wool, Zephyrs, Ice Wool.

Mergentheim's Bazaar.

Golden & Monahan

Sole agents for the celebrated Dunlap and Melville Hats.

For Nobby Styles and Lowest Prices call and see us.

A full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods; the latest styles.

Golden & Monahan

56 Calhoun Street.

CLOAKS!

CLOAKS!

CLOAKS!

—THE—

BOSTON STORE.

We have doubled the size of our Cloak room; also, the size of the stock.

We have no hesitation in saying that we show the Largest assortment of Ladies' Fall and Winter Jackets ever displayed in the city, and the best values for the money.

This week we offer a Ladies' 40 inch long Plush Sacque, Beautifully Finished, and Lined with first quality Quilted Satin, for $11.99, worth $15.00 in any city in America.

Ladies' Reefers in fine quality of cloth, in Tan or Black, heavily fur trimmed down the front and on collar and cuffs, for $5.

Children's Cloaks, in Gretchens, Newmarkets and Jackets, in sizes from 6 years to 18.

Infants Cloaks in all the beautiful novelties of Plush, Boucle, Eiderdown, Etc., with Angora and other Fur Trimmins, from two-year-old sizes up.

15 pieces 38-inch All Wool Plain and Stripe Dress Goods reduced to 35c, worth 50c.

Look at our line of Blankets and Comforts before buying. We have them direct from the manufactories and can save you money.

Special values are now offered in Muslins and all Housekeeping goods.

—THE—

BOSTON STORE.

Stewart & Hahn,

28 Calhoun St.

Fort Wayne, Ind.

GEARY'S WORLD'S MUSEUM.

THIS WEEK.

CURIO HALL.

Keller's latest wonder. Undoubtedly the greatest production of modern times. A new, startling, unfathomable mystery, entitled

"OH"

A man, white hot by a committee from the audience, in full sight, and surrounded by every possible precaution, at the word of command, "OH!" vanishes in a most startling and mysterious manner.

MR. FRED MURPHY.

The refined magician and entertainer.

HAPPY CAL STEWART.

The original Jimmy Rosser, in a laughable comedy creation entitled, "A Day With a Jag."

Versatile Comedians.

Will—KILROY & SIMPSON—Harry Kilroy Co. Minstrels.

Last week of Madam Warren, fortune teller.

THEATRE STAGE.

First Three Days.

The thrilling melo dramatic romance, entitled,

NOT GUILTY!

Last Three Days.

The powerful and interesting play, entitled,

Ferryman's Daughter or a Sister's Vow.

Spring election, Peoples Candidate

For Mayor, JAMES GEARY.

Hair Dressing Parlors,

29 East Washington Street.

Manufacturing a Specialty.

Also Kid Gloves Nicely cleaned.

MRS. L. M. SMITH.

WATCHES

Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles, Eyeglasses

Arcade Watch Hospital. Repairing A Specialty

Get our prices, it will cost you nothing. We can save you money or we don't ask you to buy. Come and see us. Others have tried us and went away happy.

YOUNG, The Arcade Jeweler.

L. O. HULL,

WALL PAPER,

Paints, Artists Materials and Window Curtains.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

Paper Hanging, Decorating, Etc.

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY.

No. 90 Calhoun Street.

DR. R. H. BIGGS

Is Now Permanently Located at

24 ARCADE.

All Forms of Chronic, Private and Genito Urinary Diseases Given Special Attention.

CONSULTATION FREE.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 a. m. 2 to 5 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m.